The Gettysburg Compiler
IS PUBLISHED THURSDAY
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—TWO DOLLARS per annum *in advance*—TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—Liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the small handbill or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. } GETTYSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, FEBUARY 8, 1877. { NUMBER 22. FIFTY-NINTH YEAR.

New Grocery
STORE

IN the room formerly occupied by Henry McDannell, in CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA., with a prime assortment of goods, such as SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, Syrups, Molasses, and Spices of all kinds; FISH, SALT, Soaps, Brooms, Woodware, Crockery and Stone-ware, Dishes, Cups and Saucers; HAMS, Shoulders, Sides and Lard; FRESH BUTTER, Potatoes, FLOUR AND FEED; Canned Fruit, such as peaches, tomatoes, cherries, blackberries and raspberries; DRIED FRUIT, peaches, apples and blackberries; Dried Corn, Rice and Beans; NAILS and GLASS, and everything generally kept in a first-class Store—all of which he will sell at the lowest living profit. Give him a call and judge for yourselves.

DAVID STERNER.

☞ Produce taken in exchange for Groceries.

I also wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still carrying on the

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

and manufacture various kinds of MACHINES, Threshers, Powers, Cornfodder Cutters, Corn Shellers, Horse Rakes, Ploughs of different kinds and sizes. All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Also new TINPLATE STOVES and second-hand Pen-plate and Cook Stoves, Iron Kettles and Pots, &c. REPAIRING done on all kinds of machinery.

DAVID STERNER,
Gettysburg Foundry, Adams co., Pa.
April 13, 1876. 1f

HARDWARE,
Paints, Oils &c.,
D. W. ZIEGLER,

HAVING purchased the stock of E. M. & D. W. Ziegler, will continue the business at the old stand, on Baltimore Street, a few doors north of the Court-house, Gettysburg. He has also been to the city and laid in new goods, and now offers a large and full assortment of Hardware, that he prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory to all buyers. He means to do business on the

CHEAP FOR CASH

principle, and hopes by selling at small profits to do a large trade. He asks the public to inspect his stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

COLS for Carpenters, Cabinet-Makers Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, &c.

Housekeeping Articles,

In great variety;
All kinds of IRON, OILS, PAINTS, &c.;
CARRIAGE FINDINGS, SHOVELS, SPADES, FORKS,

and a thousand other articles, filling the several departments of a good Hardware Store. Thanks for past favors, he solicits a share of the public patronage, and pledges himself that he will do his part to merit the patronage of the public.

Dec. 30, 1875. 1f

Did You Hear
THE NEWS?

George F. Kalbfleisch

HAS come back to Gettysburg, to his old place and store, next door to the Post Office, where he will sell

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

such as COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON, FISH, SPICES and SEED and all that belongs to the grocery line. Also,

Wines, Liquors, and Cider,
OF ALL KINDS.

He will sell all articles at the very lowest living profit, and invites his old friends and the public in general to give him a call.

He also will buy and take in all kinds of marketing—BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A NEW SHOE STORE has been opened by GEORGE F. KALBFLEISCH, opposite the Court-house, in Mr. Kendlehart's building, where he will sell BOOTS AND SHOES, of all kinds, coarse and fine, LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES and GAITERS, in great variety—all guaranteed work. Also

Trunks, Valices & Umbrellas.

All of which will be sold at

Astonishingly Low Prices.

April 6, 1876 1f

CAUTION!

THE REPUTATION OF THE

Diamond Spectacles,

SOLD BY

A. R. FEISTEL,

The only Authorized Agent for this County,

IS becoming so great and widespread, that Spectacle Peddlers find it impossible to sell a common article, and are now selling the inferior is being the Diamond Spectacle. I would therefore CAUTION the public against buying any Diamond Spectacles bearing this trade mark ☞ on each pair, as the Spencer Optical Manufacturing Company does not either supply nor employ peddlers. For sale only by

A. R. FEISTEL,
Dec 28, 1874. 1f York street, Gettysburg.

Did You Hear
THE NEWS?

BAKERY!

THE undersigned, thankful for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon the HOFFMAN BAKERY, in South Washington street, near the corner of High,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

would respectfully inform the old customers and the public generally that she continues the business at the same place and begs a continuance of patronage.

FRESH BREAD,
ROLLS, TWIST,
CAKES, PRETZELS,
EVERY DAY.

By using the best of flour and other material, and doing her work well she hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers' Granite Yard.

MARY A. HOFFMAN.
Aug. 10, 1876. tf

PIUS J. NOEL,
DEALER IN
Groceries and Liquors,
NEW OXFORD, PA.

THE undersigned, in the southeast corner of the Public Square, New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., offers a full line of

Groceries,

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, &C., with FISH, Salt, Soaps, Brooms, Wooden Ware, Crockery Ware, &c., HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, LARD, with everything else usually found in a first-class Grocery Store. He likewise keeps for sale

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS,

Whiskies, Rums, &c., all prime liquors. Whilst he offers good Goods, he sells at the lowest profits, and hopes thereby to do a large trade. He asks the public to give him a call, and examine the goods and prices.

March 19, 1876. 1y PIUS J. NOEL.

FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKING.

Mrs. Ziegler

IS prepared to MAKE DRESSES at short notice. She will also furnish the latest patterns, at reasonable prices. Also French Stamping, Braiding and Embroidering, Pillow Shams, Toilet Sets, Sets for Sacks, Slipper Initials, all handsome patterns. Everything done at reasonable rates.

Gettysburg, Nov. 18, 1875. tf

SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,

Washington St., Gettysburg Pa.,

MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF

WAGONS,

Buggies, Carriages, Sleighs, &c. All kinds of repairing done, including farm implements, at the lowest prices.

April 6, 1876. tf

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Han. Junction, Hanover & Gettysb'g RAILROAD.

On and after Nov. 28, 1876, trains will run and connections follows:

EASTWARD.

	a m	p m	p m
Leave, Gettysburg	9 20	1 00	4 15
New Oxford "	9 50	1 10	4 40
Hanover "	10 15	2 30	5 00
Arrive, Han. Junc. "	10 45	3 10	5 40
Baltimore "	.....	6 10	7 35
Washington "		9 00	9 00
York "	11 32		6 10
Harrisburg "	p m 12 15		10 30
Philadelphia, via Col. "	3 45	6 00	a m 3 10
N. York " "	6 15	9 00	8 50
Pittsburgh "	11 30		8 15

Trains southward on Bachman Valley Road are run only on Monday, Friday and Saturday of each week.

WESTWARD.

	p m	a m	a m
Leave Pittsburgh	5 10	.....	8 15
New York	8 25	.....	8 30
Philadelphia	11 55	7 20	11 35
Harrisburg	a m 4 10	7 30	4 50
York	7 20	8 38	5 27
Washington	.....	6 00	1 30
Baltimore	.....	8 25	3 30
Han. Junction	8 00	11 02	6 02
Hanover "	8 30	11 30	6 30
New Oxford "	8 50	11 55	7 02
Gettysburg "	p m 9 20	12 20	7 35

Trains leave Hanover for Frederick at 11.30 a. m. and 5.00 p. m.; for Littlestown at 11.40 a. m., and 5.05 and 6.10 p. m.

Gettysburg, Nov. 30, 1876. H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.

Pennsylvania Rail Road.

FREDERICK DIVISION.

ON and after Monday, Dec. 25th, 1876, Trains will leave and arrive at Hanover, as follows:

NORTHWARD.

7.30 A. M. from Littlestown, for York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, connecting at Hanover with train leaving Gettysburg at 9.20 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia 4 10 P. M.

3.30 P. M. from Hanover, for York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York.

6.40 P. M. from Frederick, for York and Columbia.

SOUTHWARD.

10.40 A. M. for Frederick, from Columbia and York.

11.51 A. M. from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York, connecting at Hanover with train leaving for Gettysburg.

1.05 P. M. for Frederick, from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York.

6.19 P. M. for Littlestown, from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York, connecting at York with mail train south on N. C. Railway, from Harrisburg and all points north and west, and at Hanover with train leaving for Gettysburg at 6.10 P. M.

H. H. CARTER,
FRANK THOMSON, Superintendent.
General Manager. Jan. 2, 1877. tf

WM. E. BIDDLE'S
Express Freight Lines.
PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE

THE undersigned has established a line of Freight Cars between Gettysburg and Philadelphia, to run every week—leaving Gettysburg on Wednesday at noon, and arriving at Philadelphia on Thursday morning; leaving Philadelphia on Thursday evening, and arriving at Gettysburg on Friday at noon. Freight guaranteed as low as Company rates, and always handled with care. Cars run to HOWARD HINGMAN & SONS', No. 192 and 194 Market Street, Philadelphia.

His line to Baltimore leaves Gettysburg every Monday at noon, arrives at Baltimore on Tuesday morning; leaves Baltimore on Tuesday evening, and arrives at Gettysburg Wednesday noon. Cars run to KARR & BOBBINS'S Warehouse, 123 North street, Baltimore. A share of public patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed

WM. E. BIDDLE.
Gettysburg, Dec. 16, 1875. tf

J. W. CRESS,
Gettysburg & Baltimore Freight Line

Corner of Washington and North streets, (White's Warehouse,) GETTYSBURG, PA.

Are to leave GETTYSBURG (from White's Warehouse, corner North and Washington streets,) every Monday and Thursday.

Are to leave BALTIMORE (from Allswelt's Depot, 129 North street,) every Tuesday and Friday.

Cars arrive at GETTYSBURG every Wednesday and Saturday at noon.

Cars arrive at BALTIMORE every Tuesday and Friday morning.

ALSO,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

And DEALER in all kinds of PRODUCE. SALT for sale at lowest prices to Dealers.

Goods Handled with Care and Delivered Promptly.

TERMS CASH.

Aug., 1876 tf

Baltimore Advertisements.

1844. 1876.

ESTABLISHED 32 YEARS.

FURNITURE.

Wholesale and Retail.

CHARLES P. STEVENS,

No. 3 South Calvert Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

HAVING one of the largest and most complete Factories in the United States, I am able to offer an immense variety of Furniture from the very cheapest to the Richest, and all of my own manufacture.

Send for a Price List and make your own selection.

A remarkable catalogue will be sent free on application to

CHARLES P. STEVENS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

March 23, 1876. 1y

NOAH WALKER & CO.

WASHINGTON BUILDING,
No. 105 and 107 West Baltimore Street
BALTIMORE, MD.

Large and Peremptory Sales of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

A Good Cassimere Suit from $7 to $12.

We have stocked our Retail Department with the choicest Goods, and Children's Suits at prices to suit all classes of buyers.

OVERCOATS

at from $7, $9, $10 and $11 to $15.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, in large variety to select from for measure.

Full Line of Men's and Boys' FURNISHING GOODS

105, WEST BALTIMORE STREET, 107

Feb. 22, 1875. 1f

CALL & SEE!

Buggies, Carriage, Spring Wagons.

THE undersigned, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, has on hand, for sale, several

New Falling-Top Buggies,

of the latest styles and best manufacture; also a NEW CARRIAGE, and several machines

SPRING WAGONS,

new and second-hand, which cannot but please. Buyers are requested to call and see this work, and get prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

Work made to order on short notice, and REPAIRING done.

April 13, 1876. WM. H. CULP.

High Constable!

GEO. W. MYERS,

HAVING been elected to the office of High Constable, will attend to all business entrusted to him. Residence on West Middle Street, Gettysburg a few doors below Newport's Bakery.

June 4, 1875. tf

For Sale or Exchange.

ANY person wishing to buy a GOOD FARM, or exchange on a smaller property can find a good chance by inquiring at the Compiler office, Gettysburg

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

David Wills,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Office in residence, southeast corner of Diamond.

Jan. 29, 1875. tf

John M. Krauth,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa.,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.

Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.

July 16, 1875. tf

EDW'D S. REILY. J. A. KENDLEHART.

Reily & Kendlehart,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA

Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-House.

Dec. 11, 1876. tf

Samuel M'C. Swope,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business intrusted to him. Office south-east corner of the Diamond.

March 23, 1876. tf

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to collections and all other legal business entrusted to him. He can be found during business hours at the Post-office, opposite the Court-house

Aug 25, 1871. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersburg st. Special attention given to claims, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, of all kinds, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States.

July 16, 1869. tf

REMOVED.

W. A. Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.

Office removed to Baltimore street, next door to his residence.

Gettysburg Sept. 21, 1875 tf

REMOVED.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

Office removed to the northwest corner of the Diamond,

Gettysburg, Sept 23, 1875. tf

H. B. Woods,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.

OFFICE:—On Baltimore street, 4th door, near the Diamond, in the large brick building, second floor.

Feb. 12, 1875. tf

Dr. T. T. Tate

HAS resumed the Practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence, on Chambersburg street, recently occupied by Mrs. Pitzelberger.

March 8, 1872. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING LOCATED AT EASTERLINA, ADAMS COUNTY,

Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage

April 7 1876. tf

Dr. J. J. Zitzer,

OF Baltimore, late of Carlisle, will visit Fairfield professionally on the 1st and 15th of each and every month, to remain a sufficient number of days each visit.

July 22, 1875 tf

Dr. Walter H. O'Neal.

OFFICE with his father, BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 11, 1871. tf

Dr. W. J. McClure,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR,

Having permanently located in NEW OXFORD, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street.

May 26, 1867. tf

Dr. J. L. Baehr,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to all calls, unless otherwise professionally engaged.

Aug. 7, 1868. tf

H. L. Diehl, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, ☞ Office in the South-west corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by Robert Martin.

Special attention given to diseases of women and children.

May 18, 1876 tf

Dr. A. P. Beaver,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office two doors below Shields & Musselman's Store, where he can be found at all hours when not professionally engaged.

Aug. 17, 1876. 1y

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST,

Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D.

Gettysburg, April 11, '63.

VICTORIOUS.

DON'T TOUCH any other Sewing Machine until you try the

"Victor!"

The only Sewing Machine in the market that has the SELF-SETTING NEEDLE; also a perfect tension and a new and greatly improved shuttle. It will sew from the most delicate texture to the heaviest material without change of tension, and does work equal lastingly, silk, linen or cotton thread.

For further information in regard to this victorious machine, apply to or address

JOSEPH E. BOWSER,
General Agt for Adams and York counties,
HANOVER, P. O., PA.

☞ Office in Hanover, Abbottstown street, a few doors from Broadway. An office has also been established in GETTYSBURG, at MRS. SAMUEL WEAVER'S, West Middle Street, one square from the Court house.

June 15, 1876. 1y*

INSURANCE AGENCY
AT
NEW OXFORD.

Fire and Life

Insurances taken in Reliable Companies.

ASSESSMENTS and ANNUALS due the A. O. H. MUTUAL AID SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA, (Lebanon,) can be paid to

H. S. GALBRAITH.

Attorney at Law and Insurance Agent, New Oxford, Adams County, Pa.

☞ Successor to Wm. King, deceased.

Dec 16, 1875. tf

LEATHER & FINDINGS.

THE undersigned continues to sell SOLE LEATHER, Harness, Upper, Kip, Calf Skins, Morocco, Sheep Skins, Linings, &c., with all the FINDINGS used by Shoemakers and Saddlers, at the smallest profits.

Store at the old place, on Baltimore street nearly opposite the Compiler Office, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 10, 1875. tf H. J. BRINKERHOFF.

FRED. THORN,
Barber and Hair Dresser,

NORTHEAST Corner of the Diamond, next to McClellan House, GETTYSBURG, PA

Now, when you want an easy shave,
An good air Barber ever gave,
You call at my Saloon,
At morning, eve or busy noon
We have curled and dress the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face;
And all that art and skill can do
If you will call, we'll do for you.

May 25, 1876. tf

JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF,
COUNTY SURVEYOR,

OFFICE in Prothonotary's office, Gettysburg, and will attend there the FIRST SATURDAY in every month. Also attends to writing Deeds, Wills, Agreements &c. Post-office address, *Hunterstown, Adams county, Pa*

Jan. 8, 1875.

Sale Crying.

W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction.—Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.

VEGETINE

Strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

VEGETINE

Is not a vile, nauseous compound, which simply purges the bowels, but a safe, pleasant remedy which is sure to purify the blood, and thereby restore the health.

VEGETINE

Is now prescribed in cases of Scrofula and other diseases of the blood, by many of the best physicians, owing to its great success in curing all diseases of this nature.

VEGETINE

Does not deceive invalids into false hopes by purging and creating a false appetite, but assists nature in cleansing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health.

VEGETINE

Was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

VEGETINE

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE.

Is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

PROOF!

What is Needed.

BOSTON, Feb. 18, 1871.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir—About nine years since I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. Vegetine was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefited by its use. I progressed it, and after using several bottles was restored to health and discontinued its use. I feel confident that there is no reliable remedy left for those complaints for which it is provided, and would recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health. Respectfully,

O. L. DECINGILA,
Of S. M. Pettingill & Co., 10 State St., Boston.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir—The two bottles of Vegetine furnished me by your agent, my wife has used with great benefit. For a long time she has been troubled with dizziness and Spinal pain. These troubles are now removed by the use of Vegetine. She was also troubled with dyspepsia and general debility, and has received benefit.

THOS. GILMORE, 234 Walnut st.

Feel Myself a New Man.

NATICK, Mass., June 1, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir—Through the advice and earnest persuasion of Rev. G. S. Best, of this place, I have been taking Vegetine for dyspepsia, of which I have suffered for years. I have used only two bottles and already feel myself a new man.

Respectfully, DR. W. CARTER.

Report from a Practical Chemist and Apothecary.

BOSTON, Jan. 1, 1871.

DEAR SIR—This is to certify that I have sold at retail 15½ dozen (186 bottles) of your Vegetine since April 12, 1870, and can truly say that it has given the best satisfaction of any remedy for which it is recommended that I ever sold. Scarcely a day passes without some of my customers testifying to its merits in my hearing, and I can perfectly coincide in several cases of Scrofulous Tumors being cured by Vegetine in about this vicinity. Very respectfully yours,

A. I. GILMAN, 398 Broadway.

To H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

Prepared by H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Feb. 8. 1m

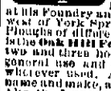
PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of W. L. LAUGHMAN, late of Huntington township, Adams county, dec'd, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said testator, on the road leading from Albert's Saw-mill to Huntington, on TUESDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1877, the following personal property, to wit: 1 MULE, 2 HEAD OF HORSES, 1 Colt, 4 Cows, 1 Road Wagon, with Bed, Spring, Cover and Trough, 1 Narrow-tread Wagon and Box, 1 Two-horse spring Wagon, Zacks Hay ladders, Wood ladders, Threshing Machine, with Horse Power and Separator attached, 1 Reaper and Mower, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Clover Huller, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 Rolling screen, 1 corn shelter, 1 cutting box, harness, rope and pulleys, 1 jack screw, 2 long ploughs, 2 farm ploughs and forks, 1 cultivator, 5 harrows, 1 shovel plough, 1 hay rake, 5 sets of horsegears, with collars, hames, traces and lines, 1 roller, 1 drag, 2 spreads with fifth chains and single-trees, 1 log chains, breast, half and cow chains, 1 treble, double and single trees, lot of tags for sheep, about 20 tons of hay, by the ton, corn-fodder, together with a variety of other articles too numerous to insert here. To commence at 9 o'clock A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

DRIAR GARDNER,
JOHN A. GARDNER,
Executors.

N. B. sloane, Aucl.
Jan. 11, 1877. ts

Oak Hill Foundry and Machine Shop.



THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he is now engaged in manufacturing, at the Foundry and Machine shop, two miles West of York Springs borough, Adams co., the following implements, viz: Among them is the **Oak Hill Foundery Plough**, cast, for two and three horses, a Plough which is in general use and gives entire satisfaction where ever used. Also Plough of the same name and make, a regular two horse Plough. Also the **Improved Bedford or Bloody Run Plough**, cast, for two and three horses and great favorite. And also a **Side-hill Plough**, cast, for two horses. He has also constructed and is manufacturing the **Oak Hill Foundry Barshear Plough**, for two and three horses, which is the most desirable in the market and is universally liked by all who have used it to excell any other Barshear Plough in the market for good work and lightdraft. These Ploughs are made of the best material, and by the best workmen. The mould boards are made of charcoal iron, and will wear equal to caststeel, under good ploughing. All ploughs warranted. If not satisfactory, they may be returned. Prices as low as possible. For further information, address

GEORGE W. BEPPMAN,
Near York Springs, Adams co., Pa.

☞ Plough Irons, Iron Kettles and Boilers, also a No. 1 Power Iron for Blacksmiths at a very low price, to be had at my establishment at any time.

Feb. 1, 1876. 1y

DANIEL TRIMMER,
UNDERTAKER,

HAS recommenced the Undertaking business, at his residence, in Baltimore Street, opposite the Presbyterian parsonage and nearly opposite the Lutheran parsonage, in Gettysburg, where he will keep on hand all kinds of

Coffins and Caskets,

so that they can be had on the shortest notice. He can be found at his residence at any hour of the night or day and will assist in laying out the Dead. No extra charge on account of distance within ten miles around Gettysburg. Charges very moderate. The move he gets the cheaper his work can be furnished.

Will attend Funerals in person. Remember the place.

Sept. 2, 1875. tf

TAILORING.

THE undersigned has opened a

Tailoring Establishment,

IN YORK SPRINGS BOR.,

ADAMS COUNTY, PA.,

where he will be glad to have a share of the public's patronage. He has much experience in the business, and can promise satisfactory work in all respects. Garments made in every desired style, and warranted to fit. The Fashions will be regularly received. Give me a call.

MICHAEL ADAMS.

Aug. 3, 1876. 3m*

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between CORNELIUS W. MILLER and HENRY SANDERS, of the borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., under the firm name of MILLER & SANDERS, was dissolved on the first day of January, A. D., 1877, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Henry Sanders, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment. All accounts not paid by the 1st of April next will be placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace for collection.

C. W. MILLER.
HENRY SANDERS.

NOTICE.—The Coach-making business will be pursued at the old stand by the undersigned, who is thankful for past favors, and hopes to merit the same in the future.

C. W. MILLER.

Jan. 18, 1877. 4t*

Charles G. Miller,

AUCTIONEER,

RESIDING in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, will attend Sale Office *Granite Hill*, offers his services to the public. Best and personal property sales called. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Address Gettysburg, Pa., or Granite Hill.

Miscellaneous.

A CONDENSED NOVEL.

CHAP. I
A winning wile,
A sunny smile,
A feather;
A day talk,
A pleasant walk
Together.

CHAP. II.
A little doubt,
A playful pout,
Capricious,
A merry miss,
A stolen kiss,
Delicious!

CHAP. III.
You ask mamma,
Consult papa,
With pleasure.
And both repent
This rash event,
At leisure.

TRIXY.

"Finished at last!" Martin Bruce spoke the words with a sigh of utter weariness, and lifted his head from his work, taking his magnifying glass from one eye as he did so. Upon the table before him was a large steel plate, on which he had engraved a design requiring the most careful and delicate work, and to which he had given several days of continuous labor. As he looked at it, completed, the expression of proud pleasure, involuntary upon the face of a man who has finished a piece of work satisfactorily, became clouded.

"That poor child!" he muttered, and listened to a cry of suppressed sobbing coming from above his half open door. With the cloud still upon his face, he went to the landing and looked up the narrow staircase leading to the attic. As he expected, he saw a little figure crouched upon the upper stair, the head bent low over folded arms, the bare feet tucked up under ragged skirts. The sobbing, though distinctly audible, was evidently choked down.

"Trixy!" said Martin in a low tone.

In a moment the child was beside him, with a quick, darting motion that suited well the slender figure, thin to painful angularity, the face that was impish in its look of want and precocity.

Martin Bruce, tall and strong, with a handsome blonde face, bent low, and met the gaze of large, intensely black eyes swollen and inflamed by tears. Silently he lifted the child, and taking her into his own room closed the door.

"What's the matter now?" he asked.

"I dropped the biggest pitcher, full of milk."

"Whew,"

"I couldn't help it!" sobbed the child, "it was so heavy that my fingers got all stiff with ache, and before I knew it my wrists just gave a twist, and down it all went."

"Whipped?"

"Oh, didn't she! *See!*"

And a ragged frock was slipped down to show the sickening welts upon the thin shoulders. Martin Bruce gave a shudder as he looked, and going to a washstand brought some arnica, which he mixed in cold water and tenderly bathed the wounds with an old handkerchief.

"Does it hurt so much?" he asked, as the child winced under his touch.

"Oh, my! I mean, yes, sir! But I don't mind; I know you'll make it better. Oh!" and again the tears broke out. "I wish I was dead!"

"You are too young to wish that, Trixy."

"I'm fourteen, if I am little."

"Fourteen! How time flies. It seems only yesterday since I first found you crying on the stairs, and it is three years ago."

Trixy nestled close to the hand extended to caress her gently, as these words were spoken—the only hand in the big boarding house that was ever filled with kindness for her. She was one of the New York waifs from an almshouse, bound out to a cross taskmistress, who had been systematically tyrannical from the first hour she had the child under her rule. Overtasked, half-starved and whipped, Trixy was stunted, thin and miserable in appearance, while her ignorance in all useful knowledge was balanced by a precocity truly wonderful in dodging her tasks and evading her punishment.

"A nasty, deceitful little beggar!" Mrs. Hayes declared her to be, and it was mournfully true.

But Martin Bruce, who occupied one of the back rooms Mrs Hayes provided for boarders, had been moved with tender compassion for the child from the first time he found her sobbing out her misery on the attic stairs. Many an orange or packet of cake had Trixy munched in Mr. Bruce's room, when she was supposed to be doing penance in her wretched closet, only by courtesy a room. Many a cool lotion had been put upon smarting cuts and welts by Mr. Bruce's tender hands. Many a tender comfort to Trixy.

Others had come and gone, and been kind one day and cross the next, as the mood caress and kind word had passed his lips to seize them; but Mr. Bruce never varied in kind words and acts, though he often gravely reproved Trixy for her very conspicuous faults, and tried to correct her vulgarity of word and thought.

It would be impossible to give any adequate idea of the worshiping affection the child gave in return for this kindly interest. All goodness, all manly perfection, was to her embodied in the tall, blonde man who came between her and her tyrant, and comforted her grief.

"Fourteen," he said again. "Trixy, it is time you were at school, if you are ever to go."

"Away from you?"

"I am going to Paris."

Utter blank misery fell over the child's face.

"To Paris?" she whispered, with white, shaking lips.

"Yes, Trixy, for three years. You will be quite a woman when I come back."

"Yes," faint and shuddering.

"And I must try to get you away from here."

No easy task, as Martin Bruce soon discovered. He was not a rich man, though his salary as an engraver was a very good one, and it required some personal sacrifice to carry out his plans for Trixy. Mrs. Hayes would not part with her slave, except for a considerable pecuniary consideration, and a difficulty was found in selecting a school in which to place her. But at last one was found in a small country town, and Trixy most sincerely promised to study diligently, and prove herself worthy of the kindness bestowed upon her.

The parting was a sore wrench, but Martin Bruce was happy in the consciousness that he had done all for the child that lay in his power. For four years his letters from Trixy proved her rapid progress in every study she undertook, her exchanging gratitude to her benefactor. Then she wrote that she had been offered a situation to travel with an invalid lady, and would probably be in Paris before the letter had been there many days. Every line of this communication was full of gratitude for the opportunities given the little waif for culture and happiness, and the sense of pleasure it gave her to be no longer an idle burden to her benefactor.

"So ends that chapter?" the young man said, half sadly, as he folded the closely written sheet. "My wild bird has left her nest and must try her wings alone. Well, it is best so, as things threaten!"

And the strong right hand was passed wearily over the large blue eyes, with a deep sigh.

Two years later, in a hotel at Nice, a beautiful girl, dressed in deep mourning, and an elderly woman, who seemed a sort of confidential servant, were seated upon the wide piazza, watching the groups who passed and repassed in a large public square opposite to where they were placed.

Suddenly the girl, who had been scanning the many unfamiliar faces, grasped her companion's arm, saying, "Do you know who that is?" pointing, as she spoke, to a tall man, with a shade over his eyes, who was seated upon a bench in the square.

"Yes, ma'amselle," said the servant, in French, "that is the blind gentleman who is here under the care of Dr. Bonnaire. But is it not dreadful? So handsome—so strong, and hopelessly blind."

"Hopelessly blind?"

"So they say. He was injured by the work that he did, fine work that tried his eyes. I do not know how it was. And he came here to Dr. Bonnaire hoping to be cured. But it is useless. He can never see again."

The young lady addressed rose as her servant spoke, and crossing the piazza, stepped lightly down the steps and straight to the bench upon which the blind man was seated. Without preface, without introduction, she said: "I think, sir, I recognize you as a gentleman who placed a child in a Connecticut school some years ago—a school in which I was a teacher for some time."

The sightless eyes were turned quickly toward the speaker.

"I was deeply interested in such a child. Can you give me any tidings of her?"

"She left the school to travel with Mrs. Elwyn, an elderly lady in feeble health. Before she had been six months with Mrs. Elwyn that lady was convinced that she had found the child of a very dear sister who had eloped from home years before, and whose life and death had ever been shrouded in mystery. Further inquiry only confirmed the facts, as the child remembered them; and when Mrs. Elwyn died here, in Nice, six months ago, she left her entire property to Beatrice Moore, her niece."

"Then Trixy is an heiress?"

"Yes. It was one of the marvelous dispensations of Providence we dare call accident that took Mrs. Elwyn to the school. Trixy's strong resemblance to her lost sister first attracted her notice, and she inquired about her. Finding she was anxious to obtain employment, she engaged her as a companion for a European trip."

"I am very glad. Do you know where she is?"

A little hand fell lightly upon one lying on the knee of Martin Bruce, and his was lifted to touch a soft, round cheek. A voice, low and tender, said very softly: "Have you forgotten me?"

"Trixy!" he exclaimed, "I have never forgotten you. But you are no longer the little child I left six years ago."

"No," was the half mournful reply. "I am a woman now. But you will not send me from you. You will let me remain beside you, and be your eyes and hands."

"Ah, Trixy, no! Your youth and beauty—for I know you are beautiful—must never be taxed by such a heavy charge. Do you know that in less than a year I shall have to find a home in a charity asylum? You will come sometimes and read to me there, perhaps?"

"Never! I will never come to a charity asylum to see you. You break my heart when you talk so."

"Well, little one, then we will hope for better days."

Trixy's lip quivered at the attempt to speak in the old cheery tones that had comforted all her childhood's miseries. Her eyes were dim with tears as she spoke again, hoping to carry some brightness to the darkened life.

Poor blind Martin Bruce, who had lifted her from the darkest misery and suffering to place her where she could improve—who had put her where her aunt had discovered her—her benefactor and only friend—a helpless, blind pauper.

Was it wonderful that the woman's heart thrilled with pain and love, and that the gratitude of years suddenly confronted her in a new form—the love of her woman's heart? She realized suddenly, forcibly, that if Martin Bruce passed out of her life again, he left there a void never to be filled. Pity and gratitude seemed only feeble names when love sprang up strong and true, and Trixy recognized its power.

But all maidenly reticence held her silent for many days, every one of which found her in the square beside Martin Bruce, winning answering love by her tender care for his helplessness, her sparkling conversation, her womanly sweetness.

It was a strange courtship, where the woman wooed, where the man worshiped. Little by little Martin Bruce acknowledged to his own heart that the loss of his eyes was light compared with the loss he

Gettysburg Compiler.

THURSDAY, FEB. 8, 1877.

WHAT a glorious thing it is to think that Grant has less than a month to serve.

SINCE the passage of the Electoral Count Bill and the signing of the same by the President, the troops gathered at Washington have been ordered away. This shows what they were brought there for.

THE Charleston *Journal of Commerce* hears that Chamberlain has dissolved his law partnership and offered his house for sale, and from this conjectures that he intends to seek fresh fields and pastures new.

"DOWN behind the boards!" This is the cry and cry of the radical conspirators. Why that cry? Because they know that if that is done the immense frauds will be unveiled, and Hayes could not be counted in.—*Washington Sentinel.*

"WELLS' villainy," says the Boston *Post*, "may well be styled the centennial shame of the American people." Hardly that, either; rather, the crowning infamy of the Republican party. The American people have had no hand in the roguery.

JACOB DEN HERDER, one of the Michigan Hayes electors, is in trouble. It appears that Herder is a Hollander. He came to Michigan when thirteen years old. The Democrats have been looking up the records, and assert that no record exists of Herder's ever having been naturalized.

GENERAL JOHN MCDONALD, of whiskey fraud fame, the dear personal friend of President Grant, has been pardoned out of the penitentiary by that individual. Joyce, we suppose, will be the next convict pardoned. The President seems determined that when he goes out, all his boom friends shall be out, too.

THE *Nation* remarks that "Mr. Morton, as a member of the Electoral Commission, will have the singular distinction, should he find himself in the minority, as he probably will, of lending no weight to it, just as he really detracted not a little from the unanimity of the committee whose report he (Hoar) refused to sign."

THE Philadelphia *Times* says: President Gowen, of the Reading Railroad Company, expects to increase the tonnage of the road for 1877 over that of last year by about 700,000 tons. His object is to maintain steady work from the opening until the close of the season excepting a short intermission about the 1st of July. The keynote of his programme is economy and increased tonnage.

IT is Mr. Field instead of the governor of Massachusetts had certified the election of the Tilden electors in that state, and if the vote of Massachusetts would have secured the election of Hayes, how long would it have taken the Hayes managers to discover that Congress has power to go behind the certificate of a state returning board of one, two, or half a dozen? Look at the question in that light and see where it shoves the cart.

THE report of the Florida committee in the House will probably not be presented until to-day. It will fill about fifty pages in print and will be a very strong and clear document, embodying certified copies of every return made to the board of state canvassers and also the law applying to the case, so that in the language of a member of the committee, "it will be possible for anybody to canvass the returns for himself."

The majority as reported by the House committee for Tilden is 930 votes, and the case, they say, is so clear that the majority of the committee declare it will be absolutely impossible to overthrow it.

A CONVENTION of the Union Veteran Reform Association was held at the Westmoreland hotel, New York city, on January 17 and 18. All the Northern States were represented, except Rhode Island and Oregon. Reports of committees showed a membership of 130,000, and that large numbers were daily joining in all parts of the country, including many soldiers who voted for Hayes. General John M. Corse, of Chicago—"hold the fort Corse"—is the chairman of the executive committee, and among its members are Generals Franklin, Hooker, "Baldy Smith," Siegel, Geo. B. McClellan, Ewing of Ohio, Stoneman, Manson of Indiana, Palmer of Illinois, Shields of Missouri, and other prominent soldiers. The purpose of this association of soldiers "is to preserve from destruction by the insidious encroachments of arbitrary power the institution they offered their lives to maintain."

THE Electoral Commission has been engaged on the Florida case for some days. The proceedings of Saturday were invested with peculiar interest, not less from the character of the questions involved than from the ability and fairness with which they were treated by all the participants.

Judge Black, who is clearly the man of the counsel, took conspicuous part in the proceedings. Charles O'Conor also participated in a moderate degree. The point in controversy was not whether the Commission has a right to go behind the returns, but whether any evidence should be admitted that would go to prove fraud or unfairness in the making up of the returns. The Republicans, of course, opposed the admission of any testimony beyond the certified State returns, but Mr. Merrick and Judge Black, as well as the other members on the Democratic side, so conclusively demonstrated the necessity for the admission of evidence pertinent to the case that it would seem a gross violation of justice to exclude it.

On Monday the two legal giants, Charles O'Conor and William M. Evarts, made arguments, Mr. Evarts spoke first, contending that it was not competent for the tribunal to go behind the returns. Mr. O'Conor followed, and made the impregnable point that recognizing even the validity of the action of de facto electors, that action was not complete until the votes of such electors were counted by the two houses, and pending that count, it is perfectly competent to inquire into the title of such electors.

The commission then adjourned to meet on Tuesday at noon, and remain in continuous session until the questions in the Florida case presented for their determination are decided.

No decision was reached on Tuesday, but it was generally expected in Washington that on Wednesday the commission would decide to admit all evidence relative to the legality of the returns of the disputed States. The Florida case will probably be closed by Saturday. The Democrats are in good spirits.

A CROWNING INFAMY.

The Louisiana Board Wanted $1,000,000!

WASHINGTON, January 31.—The testimony before the committee on privileges and powers of the House to-day clinches the evidence of fraud and rascality on the part of the Louisiana returning board. The accusation, the proof of which, as obtained by the committee, seems to be indisputable, is simply this: that an offer, originating with the returning board, was made to sell the electoral vote of Louisiana to the Democratic party for one million dollars. The consternation of the Republican members of the committee and all others present who were not aware of what was forthcoming when the documentary evidence was produced, making the disclosure, was painfully apparent. The names of the persons who testified were John G. Pickett, an attorney at law in this city, and J. H. Maddox, a special agent in the revenue service. The documentary evidence was given under protest, and in every respect where it would tend to disclose the entire plot, the evidence of which was not in the possession of the committee, they positively declined to testify. Pickett set the ball in motion by producing a letter from J. Madison Wells, the name to whom it was addressed being cut out, asking for advice in relation to the situation. This letter was dated on the 20th of November. On the 23d—the fourth Sunday of that month—a friend came to his office and explained the situation, but he refused to give the name. While in executive session Pickett disclosed that a certain person (Maddox) had waited upon John Morrissey at New York soon after the election, and told him that the returning board of Louisiana was for sale. Morrissey replied that he had no doubt of that, for he believed they could be purchased like sheep, yet he did not regard it as necessary. The same individual went to Mr. Hewitt, but, of course, received no encouragement from him. The doors of the committee-room were thrown open, and Maddox himself was called to the witness chair and confronted with various communications and telegrams, some of which were in cipher. These he was compelled to identify, which he did very hesitatingly.

Maddox testified to several conversations with Wells on the political situation. Prior to the announcement of the official result of the election in Louisiana Wells sent witness to Washington to see influential men and obtain protection for him (Wells), and also see whether he could not get the money to satisfy him. Wells said he ought to have $1,000,000. Witness had an interview with the President and Secretary Cameron, and showed them letters addressed to him by Wells. Witness told the Secretary that Wells wanted money, but the Secretary refused to have anything to do with it. Upon returning to New Orleans after the failure of the negotiations in Washington Wells suggested that witness make some arrangements with the Democrats. He made an effort in that direction, but did not succeed. The idea of witness was, from what Wells said, that he (Wells) would throw out votes to the best advantage in order to produce a certain result, which would depend on circumstances.

On cross-examination witness testified that he had no conversation with Anderson on the subject of selling out the board, but Governor Wells said *he wanted money and would have money before it was the best chance he would have.* The matter of the sale was discussed on the 14th of November between Wells and himself.

The Wells Letter—Further Evidence of Fraud. Kellogg Disgusted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The worst anticipations of the Republican members of Mr. Knott's committee were realized today on the reappearance of the witness Maddox with the tell-tale letters which they had hoped against hope existed only in his imagination. The following is a copy of the most important one:

NEW ORLEANS La., November 21, 1876.—*My Dear Sandford:* I regret much not seeing you when here. I wanted to say much to you which would be at least imprudent to put upon paper. I trust, however, to meet you in Washington as soon as the causes be over which is now upon us. Our duties as returning officers have augmented the magnitude of the destiny of the two great parties—may I not say of the nation? I fully comprehend the situation, as well as my duty to the greatest living general—U. S. Grant, and not with my consent shall this oppressed people be governed by his paroled prisoners, aided by their whilom cowards of the North. Let me, my esteemed sir, warn you of the danger. Millions have been sent here and will be used in the interest of Tilden, and unless there is some counter movement it will be impossible for me or any other individual to resist its production at results. This gentleman presenting this letter is fully aware of the modes, and, if you allow, will communicate freely to our friends; and act promptly, or results will be disastrous. A hint to the wise. Strictly private and confidential. Yours very truly,

J. MADISON WELLS.

To Hon. J. R. West, Washington, D. C.

During the reading all the spectators gathered closer. Governor Wells was a picture. He seemed to lose all control of himself. His face flushed, his lips twitched, his eyes dropped and his hands shook as with a palsy, while he toyed with the gray whiskers on his chin.

The West letter bears much harder upon Wells than any of the Democrats expected, and Maddox remarked privately that not having seen what Wells wrote he had no idea the old fool had put so much in black and white. The theory of the defence that the negotiations between Wells and Maddox referred merely to a cotton claim was completely exploded. This letter was more than an intimidation that money and a plenty of it was needed to make the board fulfil the expectations of his party, violent partisan as he was. But it speaks for itself. No longer does anybody doubt that Maddox has told the truth or that Wells was trying to sell out to the highest bidder, preferring, however, that the successful bidder should be his own party.

Among the interested witnesses of the proceedings before the committee to-day was United States Marshal Pitkin, of Louisiana, who had a long and confidential chat in an undertone with his friends of the Returning Board. Governor Kellogg is still in the city, and adheres to the opinion that "everything has gone"—to a very hot and uncomfortably warm place.

In conversation late last night Governor Kellogg was very severe on Packard, believing that he is not the man for the crisis in Louisiana. "It is all folly," he said, "for Packard to undertake to run a government under the circumstances. He hasn't any moral or physical force whatever; everybody is against him and he knows it. What a —fraud it is? I wouldn't think of trying to be Governor of a State against such odds." He was also disgusted at the pretended election of Jim Lewis to the United States Senate, and evidently had no idea of giving his so-called colleague any assistance in getting a seat. He says Lewis is a fraud and so is the body that elected him; it was different with the Legislature by which he (Kellogg) was elected and he expected to be admitted.

WELLS was before the committee on Monday. His manner was rude and audacious, requiring the chairman to remind him frequently that his conduct could not be tolerated. It was several times feared that Wells would commit personal violence upon Mr Field, who examined him.

Wells frequently hesitated in his answers, and tried to evade every rough point to which Mr. Field brought him. That the West letter was a bid for the Republican party to "come down" became apparent to all present. He was dismissed for another hearing. A Washington correspondent says:

When Mr. Wells came here in the custody of the sergeant-at-arms of the House he brought in his trunk several pistols and one of the historic bowie knives. This afternoon when he went to the committee room he secreted on his person a revolver and carried in his hand his rifle cane, and it is believed that he also had on his person the Thug knife. This was not suspected until the threatening demonstrations made by Mr. Wells, when Mr. Field finally succeeded in bringing him to bay. It is said that Mr. Wells has slain three men in the course of his life, two of whom were colored men. It is not difficult to conceive that a man capable of the crimes which he has committed against the State would have no hesitation in adding murder to his other enormities. As a matter of precaution proper and necessary the sergeant-at-arms of the House will to-morrow deprive this bad man of the deadly weapons with which he has provided himself.

A STARTLING STORY.—WELLS ON HIS KNEES TO GOV. NICHOLLS.—A New Orleans correspondent dispatches to the Baltimore *Gazette* that on the 12th of January, J. Madison Wells, the head of the infamous returning board, declared to several confidential friends of Governor Nicholls, that, having long and thoroughly discussed the matter with himself, he had determined to make a full and frank statement of the truth to the Governor for the benefit of the people of Louisiana; but that before making the confession he would exact a pledge that he would not be prosecuted; that no harm would befall him; that he would be protected in person and property, and that his confession would be accepted as such reparation for whatever he might confess to have done that he would retain his standing among his fellow-men, and that, in short, he might be as a citizen as if nothing touching the matter under consideration had been placed upon record.

That Wells did not make the confession was only because he repented after getting word from Washington, which gave him new courage to bear the infamy he has so well earned.

RADICAL INJUSTICE.—The hatred of the Republican party towards our citizens of foreign birth is no less notorious than its alleged devotion to the negro. The Philadelphia *Press*, which is the leading Republican organ in the State, says:

"To their (the freedmen's) industry they have added an eager hunger for intelligence, and they have always voted their opinions when they were not interrupted. They had none of the opportunities offered to the ignorant foreigner in the North, who is always pushed to the polls, too frequently without preparation or examination."

Our "ignorant foreigners in the North," our Irishmen, Germans, Englishmen, &c., should resent such an insult. They are not only placed below the level of the negro by the *Press*, but are insulted as to their intelligence in voting. How an intelligent foreigner can train with such a party is beyond our comprehension.—*Columbian.*

AS the Baltimore *Gazette* says, every hour that passes reassures us in our firm and honest conviction that Tilden and Hendricks were fairly elected President and Vice President of the United States, and so we believe will be the finding of the great assize now sitting in the national capital. In a few days more the verdict will be made up and given to the nation, and then, whatever it may be, the people will yield to it a calm obedience, trusting, for the correction of any evils it may entail, to "Time, which at last makes all things even!"

ANOTHER blow at Morton! On Monday Senator Robertson, for twelve years a Republican Senator from South Carolina, rose in his place and made an earnest appeal for the recognition of the Hampton government, because it is the lawfully and honestly-chosen government of the people of that State. Patterson didn't respond and Morton was silent.—*Times.*

BENNETT is in London.

You can find a large and fine variety of Good coat of which to select Holiday Presents at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store, suitable for the young and old, at panic prices. All are invited to call and examine. Dec. 7. tf

THE Celebrated A lemon Shoe for sale at Eckert's. Every pair WARRANTED. Sept. 14tf

MACHINERY.—Messrs. Newton M. Horner, John H. Rittenspurger and William Golden have leased the White Warehouse, adjoining J. W. Geesey, on the Railroad, Gettysburg, where they have on hand for sale all kinds of Agricultural Machinery, such as Reapers and Mowers, Grain Drills, Winnowing Mills, Ploughs, &c.—in short, anything a farmer may ask for. Also Ground Plaster for sale. All articles guaranteed to give full satisfaction, and sold at small profits.

April 29, 1876. tf

A FULL SUPPLY of Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., at Gilmer' Cheap Store. Jan. 25. 3m

STOP, Gents, and examine W. T. King's stock of Goods for Spring and Summer. He is now offering the cheapest and most stylish Goods to be seen in the town. Gents and Boys can find anything for clothing in their line they may want. April 9. tf

UMBRELLAS and Trunks at Eckert's. Mar 1

WANTED—500 bushels Peanuts, for which the highest cash price will be paid. Inquire at warehouse of J. W. Geesey. Jan 25. tf

DON'T FORGET that J. A. Grimes has the largest assortment of Queensware in town and is offering great bargains. Go and see for yourselves. Also a full line of choice Groceries, Butter, Eggs, &c., always on hand and sold at the lowest living profits. No trouble to show goods. Don't forget the place: Zinn's old stand, N. W. Cor. Diamond. Jan. 25, 1877. 3m

Brogan Boots and Shoes all styles at Nov. 2. tf ECKERT'S.

RECORD YOUR DEEDS.—The attention of persons holding unrecorded Deeds is directed to the provisions of the Act of Assembly which requires that—

"All deeds and conveyances for real estate in this commonwealth, shall be recorded in the office for Recording Deeds in the county where the land lie, *within six months* after the execution of such deeds and conveyances; and every such deed and conveyance not recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged FRAUDULENT AND VOID against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deeds be recorded before the recording of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim."

This is a very important notice, and those holding unrecorded deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without further delay. tf

Local Matters.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

SPRING SALES.

SALES ADVERTISED in the COMPILER receive a brief notice under the local head *free of charge*. We do everything in our power to make good Sales for our customers.

The following Sales now or soon will appear in our advertising columns:

Feb. 8, Thursday—Wm. B. Gardner, deceased, Huntington township.
Feb. 12, Tuesday—S. J. Harrell, Cumberland township.
Feb. 20, Tuesday—John Hoover, New Oxford.
Feb. 17, Saturday—Sophia Hann, Gettysburg.
Feb. 21, Wednesday—Jacob Hoke, Cumberland township.
Feb. 21, Wednesday — Catharine Wisler, deceased, Butler township.
Feb. 21, Wednesday—Emanuel Wisler, Butler township.
Feb. 22, Thursday—George Myers, deceased, Hamilton township.
Feb. 23, Friday—F. R. Weiner, Menallen township.
Feb. 24, Saturday—Louis Strauss, Gettysburg: LiverY stock, &c.
Feb. 24, Saturday — John Hockensmith, Mountpleasant township.
Feb. 26, Monday—D. S. Schaeffer, Butler township.
Feb. 27, Tuesday—Thos. E. Myers, Hamilton township.
Feb. 27, Tuesday—James L. Stuck, Buchanan Valley.
Feb. 27, Tuesday—Jacob Sanders, deceased, Gettysburg.
Feb. 28, Wednesday—Henry Bupp, Mountpleasant township.
Feb. 28, Wednesday—Lewis and William Patterson, Hamiltonban township.
March 1, Thursday—Jacob Hershey, Cumberland township.
March 1, Thursday—Jeremiah B. Hoffman, Straban township.
March 2, Friday—Adam Bupp, Hamiltonban township.
March 3, Saturday—Pius J. Snyder, Hamiltonban township.
March 5, Monday—David R. Deardorff, Franklin township.
March 7, Wednesday—David Maring, Cumberland township.
March 7, Wednesday—David B. Peatz, Reading township.
March 7, Wednesday—Joseph Kittinger, Highland township.
March 7, Wednesday—A. H. Peters, Butler township.
March 8, Thursday—George G. Maring, Mountjoy township.
March 8, Thursday—Jacob Hartman, Tyrone township.
March 9, Friday—Jacob Fritz, Franklin township.
March 10, Saturday—Nicholas Hoffman, Cumberland township.
March 10, Saturday — Henry Mummert, Straban township.
March 12, Monday—Solomon Lau, Reading township.
March 13, Tuesday—Moses Scearbrooks, Hamilton township.
March 13, Tuesday—George Spangler, Cumberland township.
March 15, Thursday—Peter Glatfelty, Cumberland township.
March 15, Thursday—Jacob Tool, deceased, Straban township.
March 16, Friday—Joseph Sheffer, Reading township.
March 16, Friday—George W. Ambrose, Liberty township.
March 17, Saturday—P. G. Sneeringer, Oxford township.
March 17, Saturday—Mike A. Wilson, Straban township.
March 21, Wednesday—Abraham Spangler, deceased, Cumberland township.
March 22, Thursday—Daniel Stallsmith, Straban township.
March 22, Thursday—Samuel A. Swope, Butler township.
March 22, Thursday—James A. Tapper, Mountjoy township.

SALE NOTES, of different forms, to be had at this office, cheap.

DEMOCRATS, nominate good tickets, and go to work with a will to elect them.

IT is an even chance whether the Ground Hog saw his shadow on Friday or not. An old humbug anyhow.

THE Attorney General informs the Commissioners of York county that Assessors will not be elected this year.

THE ice has gone from the larger streams of the county, and no damage done. Very fortunate, the thickness of the ice considered.

THE Chambersburg mail now leaves Gettysburg in the morning and returns in the evening. The change went into effect last Monday.

FINE HOG.—Mr. Henry A Sanders, of Highland township, recently slaughtered a fine hog, which cleaned 293½ lbs and made 190 lbs of clean lard.

A SUBSCRIBER in Conewago township, remitting $2 for the coming year, says: "Republican times are hard and pinching, but I cannot think of doing without the COMPILER."

A most dangerous counterfeit silver half dollar is now in circulation. This bogus coin is composed of block tin and other ingredients, has the ring of the genuine metal, and is not affected by acids.

REV. F. W. CONRAD, D. D., will lecture in the College Church on the 12th and 13th inst., on "The Centennial Era of the American Theory of Self-government" and "Nature and Man," respectively. The public is invited.

EDUCATIONAL.—The Adams County Normal (Co. Supt. Sheely) for 1877 will open April 3, J. C. Glatfelter's select school at East Berlin March 26, David Currens's at Bendersville April 2, and W. L. Doyle's at York Springs April 9.

SUPPER.—A supper will be given by the ladies of the Presbyterian church, in Agricultural Hall, this (Thursday) evening. Proceeds for the furnishing of the new lecture room. Supper served from 5 to 10 P. M. Tickets, 50 cents; children, 25 cents. The public urged to attend.

SOME time ago, Justice Wolf committed, on their own application, three tramps to the Almshouse for thirty days, under the new vagrant act. Steward Kichotz next day put them to work at wood sawing, but they took to it reluctantly and grumblingly, and on the first opportunity "skipped," to be seen no more hereabouts. "Work" did it.

"TEXAS JACK."—Mr. J. B. Omohundro, the celebrated Indian fighter known as "Texas Jack," on a flying visit east, called upon his friend Col. Ingraham, in this place, on Saturday. He is one of the most cool and efficient scouts in the public service, and last season acted with Gen. Perry. He is young, tall and fine looking, and a Virginian by birth.

SALES.—George Swope, Esq., has purchased ex-Sheriff Robert's property, on Baltimore street, at $2,750.

The farm of the late John Wisler, deceased, in Butler township, was sold in the fall, George Shriver getting 115 acres with the farm buildings at $22.50 per acre, and Reuben Vandyke 60 acres with the tenant buildings at $1,100 cash.

David Sterner has purchased the property of John Arnold, in Cumberland township—14 acres, with improvements, at $400 cash.

WE would remind those who are in arrears to this office for Subscription, Advertising and Job Work, that we are in need of money, and hope they will make arrangements to pay us in part if they are unable to meet the whole amount. Our weekly office expenses for paper, labor and material must be met with the cash, and while the hundreds of accounts patrons suffer to run from month to month and year to year, may appear to be small in themselves, they aggregate to a large amount to us and their collection is now a necessity. Patrons in arrears would save us a world of bother by prompt payment, and we hope that they will consider this "dun" as "meaning business."

TIMBER.—There will be a Public Sale of Timber, on the Hill Church property, in Freedom township, on Saturday, the 24th day of February, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Proceeds to be applied to repairing the church. 2t

FOR Shoe Findings go to D. W. Ziegler's Store, Baltimore street, Gettysburg. tf

COURT.—At the time of closing our last week's report, Court was engaged on the case of C. E. Cobleborough *vs.* Zachariah Danner, growing out of alleged deceit concerning a mare traded. Verdict for plaintiff for $10 damages and costs.

This was followed by the suit of Jonathan L. Allison and Wm. J. Feeser, administrators of the estate of Jacob Pitzer, deceased, *vs.* Julia A. Staley and James J. Staley, defending in the name of Wm. F. Crouse. Summons in debt on a note given by Crouse to Pitzer, and which was made a gift by Pitzer to Julia Trostle (now Staley) shortly before his death. The jury retired at noon on Saturday, and at 6 in the evening returned a verdict for the defendants. Motion for a new trial.

Judge Herman, of Carlisle, is now here, hearing arguments on cases in which Judge McClean was concerned as counsel or otherwise.

—In the case of the Dobbs & Stephenson Manufacturing Company *vs.* Joseph Wible, on a motion to defend set for jud. ment without costs, Judge Herman, after hearing argument, directed judgment to be entered in favor of plaintiff for six cents damages and costs.

Argument before Judge Herman on a motion to refer the report on the assigned estate of Hon. D. Ziegler back to the auditor, as well as exceptions to the auditor's report, was argued yesterday. Decision reserved.

In the case of Ditzler *vs.* Smith, marked settled, Judge McClean directed judgment against defendant for costs.

The order of sale of assigned real estate of W. M. Sheaffer, of Latimore township, was modified and continued.

TOWNSHIP MEETINGS.—The Democrats of Franklin township are requested to meet at the house of John P. Bott, on Saturday, the 10th of February, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Reading township will meet at the public house of Cornelius Smith, in Hampton, on Saturday, the 10th of February, at 1 P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Straban township will meet at the School-house in Hunterstown, on Saturday, Feb. 10, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Mountjoy township are requested to meet at the Two Taverns School-house, on Saturday, Feb. 10, between 2 and 4 P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Huntington township will meet at the public house of Mrs. Jane A. Reed, in York Springs borough, on Saturday next, February 10th, between 1 and 4 P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Menallen township will meet at the School-house in Bendersville, on Saturday, February 10th, at 4 P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Butler township will meet at the School-house in Middletown, on Saturday, Feb. 10th, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Tyrone township will meet in the School-house in Heidlersburg, on Saturday next, Feb. 10, between 2 and 4 P. M., to settle a township ticket.

The Democrats of Cumberland township are requested to meet at the public house of Francis J. Rosensteel, in Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 17th of February, between 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., to settle a township ticket.

THE parlor entertainment for the benefit of the Reformed Sunday School, at Dr. O'Neal's, on Friday evening, brought in $37.25; and the one for the College Church Sunday School, at Dr. Palmerstock's, on Monday evening, $30.25.

Rev. Mr. Demorest's lecture for the furnishing of the new Presbyterian lecture room on Thursday evening, realized $26.25; and a supper for the same object will be given in Agricultural Hall this (Thursday) evening.

THE Spring Sales are "crowding" us; but, gentle general reader, if people want good sales and ask the COMPILER to help secure them, would it be right in us to refuse? No; we'd "scare the traction."

Besides, these sale advertisements are interesting to a large class of readers; and, besides again, the season will continue only a few weeks, and then we shall make amends.

THROWN FROM A SLEIGH.—On Sunday afternoon week, as Mr. John Krug, of Oxford township, Adams county, was returning from a funeral at Christ Church, near Littlestown, his horse took fright near Hostetter's meeting-house, and ran away, throwing him and his stepdaughter out. The girl was not injured, but Mr. Krug was hurled against the end of a rail or a stump, and knocked senseless. He was severely bruised, and sustained some ugly cuts on the face and forehead. Dr. Snively attended to his injuries.—Hanover Citizen.

NEW MONTHLY.—The Pennsylvania College Monthly, a new candidate in the literary world, appeared the first of the month. It is published in the interest of the College, under the editorial management of Rev. Prof. P. M. Bikle, assisted by Messrs. F. B. Manhart, of the Philo. Society, and H. Max Lentz, of the Phrena. The magazine is a neat pamphlet of thirty-two pages and contains much interesting matter, especially to the alumni, students and friends of the institution. Subscription price, $1.25. Address Penn'a College Monthly, Gettysburg, Pa.

NOT VERY DAYS.—The notable days of the year are as follows: Shrove Tuesday, or Fastnacht, on February 13; Valentine day and Ash Wednesday, beginning of Lent, Wednesday, February 14; Washington's birthday, Thursday, February 22; Inauguration day, Monday, March 5; St. Patrick's day, Saturday, March 17; Good Friday, March 30; Easter Sunday and Monday, April 1 and 2; Ascension day, Thursday, May 10; Whit Sunday and Monday, May 20 and 21; Independence day, Wednesday, July 4; Christmas, Tuesday, December 25.

DARLING, you look very bad,
And I fear you've caught a cold,
But Papa says you'll soon be glad,
After you have once been told—
To take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

CROUP comes as a thief in the night—the great, good and sure weapon of defence, is Shriner's Balsamic Cough Syrup; keep it in the house and it will save the life of your dear little one. 1t

CHEAP CLOTHING.—If you want bargains in Clothing, &c., call and see.

GEORGE ARNOLD,
Gettysburg, Feb. 8. 6t Agent.

HORSES AND MULES.—Mr. Jacob Brandt of Clearspring, is now in the West selecting a drove of Horses and Mules for this market, and will be back in a few days. The stock will be found among the best, and buyers should wait and see what he has to offer. Something first rate may be looked for.

THE NEW TOWN HALL AT AYER.—This elegant structure is now complete. In beauty of design it surpasses anything of its kind in the State. Constructed of brick and dark marble it is as permanent as it is charming. The English architects have adorned it in subdued colors, which please without tiring the eye. Dr. J. C. Ayer built and gave it to the town in acknowledgment of the distinction they conferred upon him in taking his name. Although it is a generous gift, all the hearty good wishes of a whole people are of greater value, and the generous donor has doubtless secured them.—Groton (Mass.) Journal.

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?—If so call at J. L. Schick's store, Gettysburg, where you will find a full line of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimers, Domestic Goods, Notions, &c., of the latest styles—all of which will be sold at lowest cash prices.

FOR Shoe Findings go to D. W. Ziegler's Store, Baltimore street, Gettysburg. tf

FOR Overcoats go to Delik's. Nov. 2. tf

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Correspondence of the Gettysburg Compiler.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 5, 1877.

In the House on Monday night a resolution was offered fixing the final adjournment of the Legislature on Tuesday, March 13th.

On Tuesday the discussion in regard to the removal of the capitol was continued, and a vote reached as follows (the motion being for indefinite postponement): 128 yeas to 57 nays. This kills the bill for this session.

On Wednesday quite a number of bills passed second reading. The bill for the division of counties containing 150,000 and more inhabitants was reported favorably. The House this week has been full of Roundbills and Local Option. Pete Hendie is in town and things will be lively.

The committee having reported the bill to provide for a vote on Local Option, it may be expected that several days will be taken up with this discussion. It is very hard to say what the result will be, but at present it looks very much as though the measure would fail. Petitions concerning it are coming in by the yard and its friends are very active in the lobbies.

The motion for adjournment on the 15th of March, to meet in adjourned annual session next January, was passed unanimously in the House on Friday.

The length of the sessions has been increased one hour for Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, and if the amount of work laid out is all to be acted upon there will have to be two or three daily sessions. A resolution was offered to limit all speeches to 10 minutes, which would have been a nice thing for certain little jobs that could have been cooked through before any one could understand what they meant, as for instance the bill defeated in the Senate, which was presented in the House on Friday, making it unlawful for the Sheriff of Philadelphia to appoint deputies to preserve the peace at election polls.

The resolution for adjourning on the 15th of March was so amended that at the beginning of the adjourned session all bills, resolutions and reports which shall have originated in either house and remain undisposed of, shall be resumed and acted upon as if there had been no adjournment.

There are many important bills to be acted upon, and it may be possible that the adjournment will not take place on the day named, but it certainly will before the 1st of April.

Dr. McClure has introduced a bill appropriating $500 to buy L. M. Buehler's collection of shot, shells and bullets used in the battle of Gettysburg, to be preserved in the state capitol.

The most important bill occupying the attention of the Senate was one offered by Mr. Grady, authorizing the Mayor of Philadelphia to preserve the peace at the polls, and which was intended to prevent Sheriff Wright from appointing deputies to be present. Mr. Dill raised the point of order that the bill was unconstitutional, which after discussion resulted in a tie vote, and Lieut. Governor Latta for the first time had the opportunity of rendering a decision, which he did, and the resolution fell.

A number of bills have been finally passed, among them one providing for a state board of health. ADAMS.

SURROUNDING COUNTIES.—Rev. Mr. Fastnacht, the new pastor of the Union Lutheran church at York, on Thursday evening week received a large collection of presents, a number of considerable value.

—Rev. J. C. Kohler, of Glen Rock, has been elected pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church at Hanover.

—Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, of Hanover, has gone to Kansas with a view to locating if he is pleased with the country.

—J. H. Gutfann announces himself as an independent candidate for High Constable of Hanover. He has filled the office several years, and very acceptably.

—It is rumored that Thomas G. Downey, formerly of York and Hanover, has been tendered by President Grant a lucrative appointed in the navy, to be attached to the European squadron.

—Mr. Fred. Helb, of Railroad borough, York county, paid $15,000 revenue tax on the "apple jack" he made last year, of which he has disposed of but little.

—At Goldsboro, York county, Mr. D. F. Rider was poisoned by eating apple butter which had been kept in old crock. His recovery was doubtful for a while, but his attending physician thinks there are hopes for his recovery.

—An association to be known as the York County Farmers' Club was formed at York on Saturday week, with the following officers: President, Reuben Hoffheins; Vice President, H. A. Helstand; Secretary, D. Strickler; Treasurer, E. Jessup; Executive Committee, F. T. Scott, A. H. Glatz and S. H. Reiges.

—The new machinery in Fitz's steam grist mill, at Hanover, has been tested, and runs smoothly and satisfactorily.

—The detective who ferreted out the Carlisle incendiaries has been paid $500 by the town authorities.

—In Fulton county, a few days since, a youth named John H. Tritle was about throwing a ball, having his right arm drawn back when it and only snapped off midway between the elbow and the shoulder and dropped to his side. The snapping of the bone was heard for a considerable distance.

—A panther chased a child to the door of its father's house in East Providence township, Bedford county, the other day, and the man shot the animal on his door step.

—A peddler called at the house of S. S. Chalfant, near Thorneville, Lancaster county, on Friday evening week, and obtained permission to lodge over night. During the night he chloroformed the entire family and ransacked the house, carrying off $900 in cash and $35,000 in bonds. The rubber was traced to the city, but has not been apprehended.

WHY ADVERTISE?

People sometimes ask why does Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., spend so much money in advertising his family medicines, which are so well known and surpass all other remedies in popularity and sale. It is well known that A. T. Stewart considered it a good policy, and undoubtedly it paid him, to spend many hundred thousand dollars in advertising his goods, yet nobody questioned the excellence of his merchandise. The grand secret of success lies in offering only goods which possess merit to sustain themselves, and then through liberal and persistent advertising making the people thoroughly acquainted with their good qualities. Men do not succeed in amassing great fortunes, establishing thriving and permanent business, and founding substantial institutions like Dr. Pierce's Grand Invalids' Hotel at Buffalo, which cost over two hundred thousand dollars, unless their business be legitimate, their goods meritorious, and their services which they render the people genuine and valuable. Dr. Pierce does not attempt to humbug you by telling you that his Golden Medical Discovery will cure all diseases. He says "If your lungs are half wasted by consumption, my Discovery will not cure you, yet as a remedy for severe coughs, and all curable bronchial, throat and lung affections, I believe it to be unsurpassed as a remedy." The people have confidence in his medicines because he does not over-recommend them, and when tried they give satisfaction. His Medical Adviser, a book of over nine hundred pages, illustrated by two hundred and eighty-two engravings and bound in cloth and gilt, is offered to the people at so moderate a price, ($1.50, post-paid), that it is no wonder that almost one hundred thousand have already been sold. His numerous pamphlets are on every druggist's counter for free distribution. 1t

AMONG the admirable properties of Glenn's Sulphur Soap is that of cleansing the hand of handruff and preventing its subsequent accumulation, by opening the pores of the scalp and thus keeping it healthfully moist. Depot 1 Cliftenton's, No. 7 Sixth Avenue, N. Y. Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown. 50 cents. Feb. 8. 4w

ORANGES.—A fresh lot just received and for sale very cheap at Winter & Son's. Special prices to dealers. Jan. 25, 1877. tf

SHORT STOPS.

—Turkey has 500,000 men under arms.

—Pinton Post: "All's well that ends Wells."

—Carl Schurz has been dubbed the "Flying Dutchman" of politics.

—"Discoveries on the site of ancient Mycenae," by Dr. Henry Schliemann, will soon be published by John Murray.

—The Dramatic News says that Miss Jeanette Bennett has decided not to enter a convent, and is matrimonially engaged.

—A lemon tree at Stanford, Fla., produced 6,000 lemons last year, some of which weighed a pound each.

—There is a cow in Georgia that gives forty quarts of milk a day.

—A German life insurance company, called Der Lebensversicherung-gesellschaft, complains of the irregularity of the mails. Yet one would think it got all of its letters.

—Port Deposit, Md., is in danger from its annual ice gorge.

—Judge Davis is worth three millions, made in land speculations.

—Rahn, formerly very rare in Lower Egypt, has become frequent in Alexandria and Cairo, in consequence of the extensive planting of the mulberry in the vicinity.

—If the Electoral Commission works injustice, will it not be a sin of commission?

—March 4th, march forth. Exeunt Ulysses. Who will care for Cecil now?

—Dr. J. C. Ayer, the pill prince, has been declared hopelessly insane by his physicians.

—The dial for the new clock on the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, is forty feet in diameter. The length of the minute hand is nineteen feet.

—Scarlet fever is claiming many victims in Harrisburg.

—The Scientific American estimates that the East river bridge will cost twenty million dollars.

—George H. Corliss is talked of for Republican candidate for Governor of Rhode Island. He ought to know how to run the machine.

—Alexis is here again seeing his American cousins.

—Alex. Stephens has been called "an animated wrinkle."

WHOOPING COUGH.

Middletown, Pa., April 24, 1875.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co.

About seven months since I was seriously afflicted with whooping cough, and had almost given up the hope of recovery. It was a most violent attack of this destructive and dangerous disease. I had tried every remedy which I had heard recommended, but they all failed utterly until a trial of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry was commenced, the use of which gave immediate relief. Under similar circumstances, rather than be without the Balsam, I would pay fifty dollars

M. Plank,	3 00
Seph Spangler,	25 75
W. Bueler, work for Court Room,	25 00
J. J. Frey, painting,	1 50
K. Wasson, work,	3 25
P. Armor, gas fitting and fixtures,	152 01
Chrisman, painting Court Room,	31 50
Chrisman, work at jail,	43 80
George Swiling, Resolute Court Room and painting jail,	170 00
Cauffman, Culp, Shultz, for Court Room and repairing jail,	162 00
G. & S. M. Eichelberger, painting and fret-work,	9 45
Schlosser, care for Prothonotary's Office,	20 00
E. Kazlebach, work on Court Room,	1 70
E. Garbach, work on do.,	2 60
Bushman, painting do.,	1 00
W. Stokes, hauling and painting,	2 00
W. Brenneman, cleaning Court Rooms,	32 75
Stephenson, hauling,	3 00
T. Culp, blacksmithing,	2 10
S. Lange, carpenter work,	3 50
Jas Kahn, do.,	3 00
Slentzer, castings,	4 25
Cowan, stove,	1 25
House and work at Jail and Court House,	155 72
Sheets, tinner and zinc,	105 65
W. Cress, carpet for Jail,	21 00
W. Fleminger, work,	10 00
Abel Fitz, hauling coal,	2 00
Ziegler, work at Jail and Court House,	15 00
Interest on loan,	55 00
County taxes,	2,325 81
State taxes,	12,911 63
Collectors' commissions,	1,549 39
Treasurer's commission,	311 21
County Commissioners,	69 18
County Treasurer,	5,162 01
	$41,655 34

I testify that the foregoing statement of the receipts and expenditures exhibited in current and true copy as taken from and compared with the original remaining in my books at this office. We have hereunto our hands and affixed the seal of our office at Gettysburg the fourth day of January, A. D., 1877.

J. L. WORLEY,
D. RIDDLE, Jr.,
Commissioners.

Test—J. JEFF MYERS, Clerk.

It will be seen from the above statement that the amount paid to Commissioners, Life Sheriff, and Jonas Hersh, Clerk of the Courts, and the amount of the Directors of the Poor for 1875, amounts to $1,297.6, and a number of other bills have been paid for in the year 1876, properly belonging to the year 1875, and had have been settled in that year.

Auditors' Report.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county.

We, the undersigned, duly elected Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of Adams county, having met and attended to the duties of our office, do report the following as a general statement of said accounts as they stand in our office on Saturday, A. D. 1876, the fourth day of January, A. D. 1876, as shown therefor:

Balance in hands of late Treasurer,	$ 32 67
Amount received from Treasurer,	25 20
Amount received from Collectors,	162 12
Amount received for Tax on Dogs,	1,042 42
Amount received for Tax on Collateral Inheritances,	1,297 61
Amount received for Tax on Bank Stock,	1,152 12
Amount received for Tax on Bonds,	111 82
	$4,855 55

CR.

Amount paid to Treasurer, 1875,	$ 32 67
Amount paid to Treasurer, 1876,	25 20
Commissioners' fees,	162 12
Collecting Tax for Treasurer,	1,042 42
Collecting Tax for Commissioners,	1,297 61
Collecting Tax for State,	1,152 12
Collecting Tax for Schools,	111 82
Interest on county orders,	25,501 16
Balance due County Treasurer,	180 98
	5,162 01
	$31,655 38

We the undersigned Auditors of the county aforesaid, do hereby certify that we have carefully examined the accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said county, and find the same correct, and that the balance in the hands of the Treasurer on the sixth day of January, A. D. 1877, both days inclusive, has been duly settled and entered of record in Adams county, the court, and that the balance due said county of Adams is the sum of Five Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-two dollars and twenty cents.

Many wishes are here between friends of the other shoreside, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1876.

A. H. DENDLER,
A. W. HOWARD,
JAMES B. HOWARD,
County Auditors.

Collateral Inheritance Tax.

Following is a statement of the amount of Collateral Inheritance Tax collected by Nathaniel Miller, Register of Wills for Adams county, from the first Monday in January, 1875, to the first Monday of January, 1876, inclusive, being the first year of the latter date:

Estate of Agnew,	$ 54 66
Thompson,	4 32
Hoke,	1 74
Henry,	10 40
Schlosser,	2 60
Sadler,	3 90
Lee,	10 40
Schlosser,	26 00
Bender,	26 00
Jumper,	52 00
Hoke,	10 40
Hill,	10 40
Hoke,	15 60
Hoke,	15 60
Hoke,	6 50
	$ 258 64
Register's commission of 5 P. C.	12 93
	$1,271 57
Collateral fund to literal appropriations,	28 00
Due commonwealth,	$1,243 57

We certify that the above statement is correct.

EDWIN S. KELLY,
Auditor.

CHARLES D. BARNEY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 112 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Pa.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT, STATE, CITY SECURITIES, GOLD, COUPONS, CITY WARRANTS, GOLD, ETC.

DRAWERS OF EXCHANGE, &c.

BILLS ON LONDON, available at Par, and Ireland and Scotland.

INVESTMENT STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Gold and Stocks RECEIVED, Interest allowed.

THE TWO STORES

In Bonneauville

Have varied and certainly to be tested. Both have had and will continue to sell goods which are offered at reduced prices, which is to please, when the goods are the best. Call and satisfy the public in Bonneauville Stores a call, and see.

GEORGE GINGRICH.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Caps, Boots and Shoes.

CARPETS, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, CANDIES, &c. Cheap for Cash. Country produce taken in exchange for goods. Satisfaction guaranteed. No trouble to show goods. Call and always a pleasure to wait on customers.

Assignee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that JOHN HOGE and WIFE, of Adams county, Pa., have by deed of voluntary assignment conveyed their estate to the undersigned, residing in Adams county, in trust for the benefit of creditors. The Assignee promises conveying and settling his account, at the place of his residence, in Gettysburg, Pa., when and where all persons interested in said estate are requested to make their claims at once, and those indebted to make payment immediately.

JAMES T. BUCKLESWORTH,
Assignee.

LICENSE.

Following application for License to be filed in my office with the clerk of Quarter Sessions, will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams county, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of March, 1877.

TAVERN LICENSE.

Tyrone township.

ABRAHAM KING.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the present Legislature for a supplement to the act to incorporate the Hawkers and Pedlers in the Adams, the purpose of which is to enable the Hawkers and Pedlers in the Borough of Gettysburg to pay a license for the privilege of selling their goods, wares and merchandise within said Borough.

JOHN A. DANNER,
A. P. CROPLISE,
PLANK & SPANGLER,
Feb. 1, 1877. 4t

Gettysburg Compiler.

MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG	
Flour,	6 00
Rye Flour,	2 75
Red Wheat,	1 45
Corn,	45
Rye,	75
Oats,	30
Hay,	8 00
Flaxseed,	1 70
Timothy seed,	2 60
Cloverseed,	9 00
Buckwheat,	35
Pork,	6 50
BALTIMORE.	
Flour,	5 00 @ 7 50
Wheat,	1 48 @ 1 56
Rye,	70 @ 80
Corn,	52 @ 60
Oats,	35 @ 40
Hogs Head, dead,	8 00 @ 9 00
Beef Cattle Head, live,	3 00 @ 6 00
Hogs,	16 00 @ 18 00

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, the 9th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, Gettysburg, Rev. J. A. Brown, D. D., ROBERT M. ANDERSON, Esq., of Lancaster City, formerly of this place, to Miss MARY E., daughter of the officiating clergyman.

Jan. 23d, at Mt. Holly, by Rev. Cambridge Graham, Mr. M. S. SWITZER, of York Springs, to Miss LIZZIE C. FICKES, of Mt. Holly.

At the Reformed Parsonage, New Oxford, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. W. F. Colliflower, Mr. ALBERT S. WILLIAMS, of New Oxford, to Miss KATE MOUL, of York county.

On the 30th ult., at Arendtsville, by Rev. H. E. Long, Mr. SZRA J. CLICK, to Miss HARRIET E. BEAKENHOFF, both of Franklin township.

On the 21 ult., by Rev. J. A. Ball, Mr. WM. J. ALWARD, of Hamiltonban township, to Miss JEMIMA M. RIDGE, of Cumberland Valley.

Dec. 28th, 1876, at the M. E. Parsonage, by Rev. W. L. Gaine, LEVI A. CASKEY, of Hunterstown, to Miss ANNIE E. CARR, of Gettysburg.

Also, Jan. 23d, 1877, by the same, Mr. HARRISON H. WALKER to Miss MARY E. HESS, both of Gettysburg.

DIED.

Communicated.

Died, on Friday, the 21 inst., in the home of a blessed immortality, Mr. JOENJ. WEIGLICK, of Gettysburg, aged 51 years.

A SERVANT.

O out of rest; from out the eternal calm
Thy dear eyes smile;
Why, why do we call thee from the victor's
Through Christ to thine. [palm,
We weep not that thou wert, but that we
Our parting is the rest, and soon or late
To rest is sweet.

"Deliver my loved from ill. Keep their feet
Lest they stray."
And in the darkness and the storms that
Let fight not fear.
The blessed homeward way, in years unlikest,
But read them out unto the perfect day
Of God's own rest.

They will be done, dear Lord—in His—in
To Thee I pray. [death,
Sweet is the holiness of this feeble breath,
If thou art nigh."

Thou did the patient life, the patient heart
Thy will fulfill;
Sweet is this life work "ill, let Hit is best
To lay it down,
To leave to Christ the burden of our cross
And take His crown.

The given is to behind sleep—for thee
Is waking all day long
O blessed dead, for thou art His—and He
Forever thine.

Dear father, shall we meet again? Will it be
To see thy face? [strange
O ladylike love! O love beyond all change!
To find thy place?
Will soon be past. Glad will our meeting be
If Christ be near.
Those who have gone, nor dead, lead us to
Christ Jesus, hear. [Pilot!

AT St. Joseph's Academy, in Mechanicstown, on the 29th ult., MARY LECHLITER, aged about 50 years. Deceased was born in early youth was weak in mind, owing to a nervous disease about 16 years ago, when she was attended by the best physicians, and in her transports at St. Joseph's Academy. As best her condition was paid by her Guardian, $1,000 for more than forty years, she was in charge, and received every needful attention.

J. A. ZEALE, Atty.

AT Gettysburg, at his residence, 209 Fourth Avenue, Peoria, Ill., of consumption, Mr. A. SPRECHER, formerly of Gettysburg, Adams county, aged 31 years and 20 days.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 27th day of FEBRUARY, 1877, the undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Buchanan Valley, Franklin township, Adams county, on the road leading to Cashtown, the following personal property, viz:

TWO GOOD WORK HORSES, 1 good driving mare, 3 fresh cows, 2 young cows, 1 fat cow, 1 pair of Bobsleds, 1 fall fresh heifer, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 set of Harness, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 set of Harness, 1 Spring Wagon with Bedboard, 1 set of Harness, 1 Spring Wagon with Bedboard, 1 set of Harness, 1 Spring Wagon with Bedboard

ysburg Compiler.

THURSDAY, FEB. 8, 1877.

WHAT-NOT.

Letters from Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota and Illinois complain of the scarcity of wheat, the advance in wheat, and express the opinion that the price is bound to go up still higher.

—Irish potatoes are selling in the Baltimore market at $1.50 and $2 per bushel.

—The State of Maine pays a five dollar bounty for every bear killed within its limits. Last year was apparently a good, or rather a bad year for bears, for 544 were killed, costing the State $2,750.

—Turkey and Russia will strip for a fight as soon as the spring opens sufficiently to mobilize the troops. If the other powers should be involved, as it is believed they will, the war will become general.

—Transferring the care of the Indians to the War Department would, at least, leave the effect of breaking up the existing Indian Ring, and it is not probable that so corrupt a one could be organized among the officers of the army, even with Don Cameron well up at the head of the War Department.

—Within the last seven weeks the English language has been enriched by a new word. It is Hayesism. It means counting in a President by stolen electoral votes.

—The Washington Chronicle, Radical, has suspended publication.

—During the past year 10,000,000 trees were set out in Minnesota.

—"Mlle. Therese Jakonhovitsch," is the new Russian pianiste who has just made her debut in New York. To pronounce her name right you stand on your head, kick violently with your left foot, wave your hands, and speak through your nose.—*St. Louis Republican.*

—The London Times is building its own telegraph line to Berlin and Vienna.

—Mr. Philip T. Bell, residing 15 miles above Port Deposit, having a little business at Elkton, week before last, concluded he would try his skates and go to Elkton, a distance of 40 miles. He left home at 7 o'clock, A. M., reached Elkton at 12 M., and returned in the afternoon, making a run of 80 miles in one day.

—The first bank in the United States was the bank of North America, organized January 7th, 1772, at Philadelphia, and it is still transacting an extensive business in the Quaker City.

—Secretary Cameron's engagement to Mrs. Shunk is now denied.

—On Monday afternoon, in Pottsgrove twp., Berks county, an eagle was seen to swoop down and carry off a suckling pig. The bird was followed to a tree some distance away, where it was seen devouring the young porker.

FARM AND HOUSE.

FARMERS' SOCIAL.

Corn and its Cultivation Discussed.

This subject afforded several hours' interesting discussion at a meeting of the Farmers' Social, at Mr. Peter Mackley's, in Straban township, on Thursday. As to the varieties of corn best adapted to this climate, the yellows ripening about the middle of September should be preferred. For late replanting still earlier should be used. Corn to have full weight and proper fattening qualities, must be thoroughly matured, full grown and solid before frost comes; if caught, damage more or less serious results. Seed corn is best if selected and laid away in some dry and secure place in the fall; but in all cases when selecting the butt end of the cob should be found solid and bright—not soft or mouldy.

Deep plowing for corn is necessary in the heavier soils, and the fall is to be preferred for doing it. When this work is performed in the spring, the harrow should follow in twelve or twenty-four hours, before too much drying out takes place, and the ground will become finer and more compact, sending the corn up quicker and keeping it growing without rain for a longer period. But in all cases before planting the soil should be thoroughly pulverized—rolled and harrowed, and harrowed and rolled. Should a dashing rain follow planting, the roller ought to be used as soon as practicable, to break the crust. In an instance related by a member much greater benefit was found to result from rolling *across* the furrows than along them. Though the portion of the corn that came through was crushed by the roller, so much so as to frighten the farmer and induce him to roll the long way, the effect proved its advantage, and would have given him a hundred bushels more in the field if the rolling had all been done across the furrows. The harrow also does a good work on the young corn, stirring and leveling the ground, and disturbing young weeds. The after cultivation should be frequent, and continued until the corn is in tassal. Work—work—at the beginning and all through the season, is necessary to successful corn growing. The soil, especially in dry weather, must be frequently stirred, in order to present new particles for the action of dews and other atmospheric influences, as well as to exterminate the weeds, which are properly characterized "robbers of the corn."

In addition, our farmers should strive to make an *extra* amount of barnyard manure and apply it to the poorer parts of the fields intended for corn, either before or after plowing the sod, but before planting. If placed on top, it should be thoroughly harrowed in. A case was mentioned where a member of the Social raised eleven hundred bushels of corn ears on thirteen acres of poor, worn-out land, by the application in the hill, of a fertilizer composed of large proportions of rich earth and hen manure and smaller of common salt and plaster. Thick planting was advocated in order to secure a good stand, to be followed by fearless thinning.

Many other hints of interest were brought out, the whole making an afternoon of real value to those present. Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal presided, with Mr. John Wertz as Secretary. The Social was entertained in the most hospitable manner.—*Editor Compiler.*

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

BY MRS. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Remember to shake off and remove all dust from a black garment every time it is worn. Nothing sooner defaces a black silk, poplin or woolen than to wear it shopping, riding or even for the day in the house and then hang it up without removing the dust. The gritty motes with which the air is filled, particularly in regions where coal is constantly used, grind and wear on any fabric. First shake both shirts and over-dress faithfully. A back window is a good place to shake them from. Then take a soft old handkerchief and brush the dress with that instead of a clothes brush. See that all the dust that settles in folds or pleats is removed. Stand by an open window and shake the dust off the handkerchief out of the window every little while.

Remember that lemons can be kept sweet and fresh for months by putting them in a clean and tight cask or jar and covering with cold water. The water must be changed as often as every other day, and the cask kept in a cool place. Remember that mirrors should never be hung where the sun shines directly upon them. They soon look misty, grow rough or granulated, and no longer give back a correct picture. The almalgam or union of tinfoil with mercury, which is spread on glass to form a looking-glass, is easily ruined by the direct, continued exposure to the solar rays.

Remember that one can have the hands in soap-suds with soft soap without injury to the skin if the hands are dipped in vinegar or lemon juice immediately after. The acid destroys the corrosive effects of the alkali and makes the hands soft and white. Indian meal and vinegar or lemon juice used on the hands when roughened by cold or labor will heal and soften them. Rub the hands in this, then wash off thoroughly and rub with glycerine. Those who suffer from chapped hands in the winter will find this comforting.

Remember never to leave clothes-lines out week after week, but take down and wind them on the reel, as soon as the clothes are dry. With this care, a clothes-line will last years. But if left out, wind and rain will mildew and rot the line, and it will soon become worthless. Added to this, the clothes will be colored from the line, and dirty streaks almost impossible to remove will be seen where they rested on it.

Remember that a tablespoonful of black pepper will prevent grey or buff linens from spotting, if stirred into the first water in which they are washed. It will also prevent the colors running when washing black or colored cambrics or muslins, and the water is not injured by it, but just as soft as before the pepper was put in.

Remember that the wings of turkeys, geese, and chickens should never be thrown away. Many people, especially in the country, keep them simply to brush off the stove or range, but there is nothing better to wash and clean wind ows. Chamois or buckskin is very good, but wings are better, and cost nothing, and their use is an economy, utilizing that which would otherwise be thrown away. They are excellent to clean the hearth or stove, to dust furniture, but best of all to wash windows, because the corners can be easily and perfectly cleaned by them, leaving no lint behind, as when cloths are used.

Use these wings also to spread on paste when papering walls. There is nothing that does that kind of work better.

Remember that if brooms are dipped for a minute or two into a kettle of boiling suds once a week, they will last much longer. It makes them tough, but pliable, and a carpet is not worn half as much by sweeping with a broom so cared for. A good housekeeper will see that her brooms are all thus scalded.

Remember that a fine paste for scrap books can be made from alum water and flour. A teaspoonful and a half of pounded alum dissolved in enough cold water to make a pint of paste. Pour the water, when the alum is all dissolved, on to flour enough to thicken it as stiff as common paste, bring it to a boil stirring all the time, and when done, add a few drops of oil of cloves.

The alum prevents fermentation, and the oil of cloves will prevent or destroy all vegetable matter.

Remember that old newspapers will put the finishing touch to newly cleaned silver, knives and forks, and tinware, better than anything else. Rub them well, and make pefectly dry. They are also excellent to polish stoves that have not been blackened for some length of time.—*Christian Union.*

A NEW BREED OF DOMESTIC CATTLE.—It is stated in the *Turf, Field and Farm*, an agricultural journal, that the farmers in Nebraska have commenced the domestication of the buffalo. The wild animals, while young, are introduced among herds of the tame stock, of course only one or two at a time. Half and quarter breeds are found to be very hardy, and in the yield of milk the cows raised of mixed stock give even more than the average yield of rich milk. The experience promises well, as the endurance of the wild animals is imparted to the domestic stock. In this way the extermination of the species will take a new form, and when wild buffaloes become legendary creatures the progeny of the race will still exist, in modified, though probably more useful form.

A CONNECTICUT poultry raiser writes to an exchange: "Perhaps some of your readers who raise fowls will be interested in my experiment tried last season on a chicken with the gapes. I gave it about a quarter of a teaspoonful of kerosene, and as it seemed better for a day or two, I repeated the dose, giving nearly one-half a teaspoonful for the second time. The chicken was about the size of a robin at the time, but is now full grown, weighing several pounds. I cured chickens affected with a disease we thought cholera, by giving powdered alum dissolved in water."

A SAFEGUARD AGAINST RATS.—Rats are accomplished rope-walkers, and are able to make their way even along very small cords. Consequently so long as they can mount upon lines, nothing edible suspended therefrom is safe from their attacks. A correspondent of the *Boston Journal of Chemistry* uses wires, upon which circular pieces of tin are strung, and hangs his meat, grain, etc., between the tin pieces. The rats cannot pass the tin circles, because, as they attempt to climb over them after walking out on the wire, the pieces revolve.

THE best material for cleaning coat collars and grease spots of all kinds is pure benzine. The article is sold at the principal drug stores in the cities. That used by painters is not pure enough, and has a very unpleasant odor, which the pure article has not. The trouble is that not enough is used; a small quantity only softens and spreads the grease spot; it should be applied in sufficient quantity and repeated, to not only dissolve the foreign matter, but to wash it out.

THE *Iowa Homestead* gives this advice: Don't dose your young colts to death with strong medicine when they take the scours. Just take a string (buckskin or soft leather is best,) and cord the tail as close up as can be conveniently done; which will give relief in an hour, and cure in from six to twelve hours. The same remedy is said to be good for calves.

HORSE RADISH is said to be a simple and effectual remedy for neuralgia. Grate and mix it in vinegar, the same as for table purposes, and apply to the temple when the face or head is affected, or the wrist when the pain is in the arm or shoulder.

KNIFE wounds heal, but not those produced by a word.

TO ALL!

DR. SWAYNE,

The Discoverer and Compounder of the immortal

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY

and other valuable preparations, entered upon his professional career with the reputation and advantage of a regular Medical Education in one of the oldest and best schools in Philadelphia, and, perhaps, in the world. He subsequently served a faithful term of practice in the Philadelphia Dispensary, and for many years attended also in the Hospitals. In these institutions he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of obtaining an insight into diseases in all their various forms, as well as for acquainting the best methods of their treatment. In offering, therefore, to the people of the United States the fruit of his considerable professional experience in the medical compounds on the most reliable scientific and medical principles, he feels that he is but profiting a boon to every family throughout the land, testing, as he does, confidently, in the results and efficacious virtue of the remedies he heretofore commends. The vast amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY the most efficacious remedy in and for all the ills pertaining to the throat, and it is confidently put on most candid grounds, and all who have witnessed its wonderful curative properties will cheerfully testify to its merits. The Wild Cherry Bitters will prove a boon to those who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, etc. Prudent people will not wait until the last extremity before they resort to some of the world renowned remedies, which have stood the test of years, and have proved themselves a blessing to the afflicted. Sold by all Druggists.

ANOTHER HOPELESS CASE OF CONSUMPTION CURED BY DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY.

ADDISBURG, Jefferson Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE & SON, Gentlemen—About two years ago my wife was suffering from consumption, and during her sickness had the best medical attendance in this and adjoining counties. Her case was pronounced hopeless by all of them. I was induced through the recommendation of a friend, Dr. Lane H. Miller, of West Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., and who can verify these facts, to try Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. After using it for some time, she was entirely cured, and is now as good as ever, and is able to perform her household duties. I am so fully satisfied that it is your preparation that I am indebted for her restoration to health, that I grant you full liberty to give the case publicity, in the hope that others now suffering may derive benefit from her experience.

Yours respectfully,

HENRY C. 90 IN.

Price $1—Six Bottles $5.

Prepared only by

DR. SWAYNE & SON,

Nos. 330 and 332 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

Sold by all Druggists.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

A GOOD FAMILY MEDICINE.

If you are Bilious, take SWAYNE'S Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.
If you have a Sick Headache, take SWAYNE'S Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.
If you complain of a Cough, take SWAYNE'S Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.
If you have a Cold, take SWAYNE'S Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.
To prevent and cure Chills and Fever, take SWAYNE'S Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.
If your Bowels are costive, take SWAYNE'S Tar and Sarsaparilla PILLS.

Persons of a full habit, who are subject to Headache, Giddiness, Drowsiness, and Stagging in the Ear indicate from an excess of a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be carried off by their use.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

That dreaded disease, from which so many persons suffer, and is frequently the cause of HEADACHE INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA is speedily relieved and often permanently cured by their use. Fevers are prevented by the use of the Pills, which purify the blood, through the blood, the impurities from which all fevers arise. For Dropsicals there is nothing half so effectual as Swayne's Tar and Sarsaparilla Pills. Price 25 cents a box; 5 boxes for $1, sent by mail. Address DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by Druggists.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

ITCHING PILES!

is generally preceded by a moisture, like perspiration, but unusually irritating, as though pin worms were crawling in and about the anus, and frightful itching, which may induce one to think he is either getting worm, if not properly treated in summer as well as winter, and is not confined to males only, but it is quite as frequent that females are equally afflicted. Persons in the country are subjected to this disease in the winter, from the use of the privy, and in the city from the use of water closets. Piles are generally the result of long standing, pronounced incurable, but we have proved by simply applying

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.

DR. SWAYNE & SON, Gentlemen:—Enclosed pls use that one dollar for two boxes of your Ointment for Bleeding Piles. These are for some of my friends who are afflicted with this distressing complaint. The box you sent me a year ago, (used about one half of it) cured a friend, you may say, it made a perfect cure. I think its efficacy should be published throughout the length and breadth of the land. You can publish this if you think proper. DAVID BURKSON, Esq., Lardlesburg, Frederick co., Md.

READER: If you are suffering with this annoying complaint, or Tetter, any scaly, itchy, skin disease go to your druggist and get a box of Swayne's All-healing Ointment. It will surely cure you. Price 50 cents a box; 4 boxes $1.67, 1 boxes $2.50. Sent by mail to any address, on receipt of the price. Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 N. Sixth St., Phila.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

Life, "London Hair Color Restorer."
Growth, "London Hair Color Restorer."
Beauty, "London Hair Color Restorer."
for the "London Hair Color Restorer."
Hair. "London Hair Color Restorer."
"London Hair Color Restorer."
"London Hair Color Restorer."
"London Hair Color Restorer."

KEEP THE HEAD AND HAIR HEALTHY.

London Hair RESTORER

1—It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2—It will thicken thin hair; cause a new growth.
3—It will restore the natural secretions.
4—It will remove all dandruff and itchings.
5—It will make the hair soft, glossy, and flexible.
6—It will preserve the original color to old age.
7—It will prevent the hair from falling off.
8—It will cure all diseases of the scalp.

It restores both the luxuriance and color of the hair, and is as harmless as water. Premature Blanching or falling of the hair is scarcely to be regretted, and thus everybody wants to be beautiful is proof enough that it is wise and right to try to be so, by every proper means; but there is nothing more important than beautiful hair. Now to prevent the falling of the natural coloring matter in it, or rouse the roots of the hair to grow again, nothing has been introduced to the American people that equals the

LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER

Dr. Dutton, of Philadelphia, says of it: The London Hair Color Restorer is used very extensively among my patients and friends, as well as by myself. I therefore speak from experience.

75 CENTS PER BOTTLE, SIX BOTTLES FOR $4.

Sent by express, to any address, on receipt of price

Address orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa., sole proprietors.

Sold By All Druggists.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., GETTYSBURG.

Aug. 17. 1y

Grain, Produce, &c., AT NEW OXFORD.

THE partnership of Myers & Holtz, at New Oxford, Adams county, having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, He will always pay the highest market prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, TIMOTHY HAY, &c.;

and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits,

GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED,

Soaps Tar, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Thankful for the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. MYERS.

April 2, 1875. tf

GRAY'S ELASTIC ROOFING PAINT

Stops All Leaks in all Shingle, Tin, Canvas or Gravel Roofs.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

JOHN T. GRAY,

81 Diamond Street, PITTSBURGH, PA

Reference furnished and the Paint sold by

JOHN POIST & J. BURKEE,

McSherrytown, Adams Co., Pa.

Sole Agents for Adams and York Counties.

This paint is made with the greatest care by a practical painter of over twenty years' experience, and the public can rest assured that it is nothing.

Aug. 24, 1876 6m

J. KRALL & SON'S MACHINERY DEPOT,

York Springs,

ADAMS COUNTY PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

HOFFHEINS SOLID BOX REAPER AND MOWER

WITH SELF-RAKE, ALSO

Shireman's Improved Keystone Separating Attachments,

and other Combined Threshers SHIREMAN'S HAND AND SELF-DUMPING HORSERAKES, CORN PLANTERS, CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS, &c. Also all kinds of REPAIRING DONE at shortest notice.

J. KRALL & SON.

June 1, 1875. tf

Remember the Dead!

CHOICE WORK---LOW PRICES!

CALL AT

WM. N. MILLER'S

MARBLE WORKS,

Directly Opposite the Court-house,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 14, 1876. tf

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

New Music Store.

NOW is the time to buy. Having the sole Wholesale Agency for

THE BEST ORGANS

manufactured in the United States, we can sell a better Organ for less money than any other agent. None but first-class instruments sold. Every one perfect in excellency of tone and case.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of all kinds sold at reasonable rates. SHEET MUSIC and all the late musical publications either on hand or ordered on short notice. Send for circulars and prices.

SEWING MACHINE FINDINGS, for every make of machine.

PERIODICALS AND MAGAZINES. All orders promptly attended to.

G. H. BARKER & CO.,

January 13, 1876. tf GETTYSBURG, PA

Farmers and Horsemen!

JOSEPH RODDY,

Saddle & Harness Maker,

WOULD respectfully inform the public that he continues business in Chambersburg street, near the Diamond, Gettysburg, where he is prepared to put up work of all kinds in his line, and generally has on hand for sale,

Horse Gears, Single and Double Harnesses, light and Heavy Collars, Halters, Fly-Nets, Whips, &c.,

made in the most approved styles and of the best materials and workmanship.

Everything sold at lowest prices. Come and see, and be convinced. REPAIRING done promptly and cheaply.

The patent ROCKWELL RIP—the best out—connised by mail at Roddy's.

May 1, 1876. tf

GOOD STYLES.

Good Work!

ADAM DOERSOM

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he continues the carriage-making business, in all its branches, on Railroad street, near the Passenger Depot, GETTYSBURG, Pa., and invites a share of patronage to a fine lot of work on hand, consisting of

Carriages and Buggies,

all put up by excellent workmen, of good materials, and in the latest and best styles. He makes Carriages of different kinds, Top-buggies and No-top Buggies, Juggers, &c., in fact everything in his line—and all at the lowest possible prices.

REPAIRING done promptly and in the best manner, and cheap. Call and see for yourselves. It costs nothing to show goods.

May 11, 1876. tf

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

DILLSBURG PRICES FOR GRAIN AT YORK SPRINGS (PETERSBURG.)

I HAVE now completed my BRANCH WAREHOUSE at York Springs, and am prepared to purchase all kinds of

Grain, Seeds, &c.,

AT THE HIGHEST PRICES THE MARKETS WILL AFFORD.

Farmers will be furnished with bags by calling at the warehouse, and will always find it to their interest to give me a call before selling elsewhere. I have constantly on hand and for sale,

Flour, Feed, Coal, Salt, Fertilizers, &c.

CALVIN P. HEIKES.

Nov. 2, 1876. 6m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

PENROSE MYERS

HAS OPENED A

Watch and Jewelry Establishment

On Baltimore Street, near the Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

where he invites the public to give him a call, promising GOOD WORK AND GOOD WARES.

He has laid in a fine stock of JEWELRY of the latest styles, which cannot fail to please. Also a large lot of

CLOCKS OF ALL KINDS,

which will be sold cheap for cash.

REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done promptly and in the best manner and at the lowest prices. STEP IN.

May 25, 1870 tf

Farmers and Everybody,

LOOK HERE,

Earthen Drain and Field Tiles

CAN be had of JOHN BECKMAN, by whom they are manufactured in Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., near Lilly's Mill, and of GEORGE F. KALBFLEISCH, in Gettysburg, Pa. Price from $25 to $35 per thousand feet, according to size and quantity. They are made in the best manner, of good material, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. Try them.

Aug. 21, 1876. tf

GLOBE INN,

York Street, near Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.

THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The traveling public will always find the best accommodations and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive ostlers and Waiters always in readiness.

A new Hack to and from the Depot in charge of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.

April 14, 1876. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,

NEW OXFORD, Adams County, Pa.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to keep a good hotel for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and neatly furnished, and have the comfort and convenience of a home attached to the Hotel, which will be maintained as a reliable and accommodating order. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.

March 13, 1876. tf J. H. WIRT.

EAGLE HOTEL,

Gettysburg, Pa.

GEO. HOPPES, Prop'r.

THIS well known House, one largest and most commodious in Gettysburg, corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, has been

THOROUGHLY REPAIRED,

refurnished, repainted, supplied throughout with

New Furniture

and furnished with everything requisite for a first-class hotel.

SUMMER BOARDERS accommodated on reasonable terms. Omnibus runs to depot on arrival and departure of trains, free of charge.

No pains or expense to be spared to make it one of the best hotels out of the cities. Young and old, married and single, attentive ostlers, first-class Bar-room and lavery adjoining Hotel.

July 19, 1875. tf

KEYSTONE HOUSE,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA

By J. & M. W. Klunk.

THE undersigned have leased the Keystone Hotel, on Chambersburg street, half a square from the Diamond, in Gettysburg, for the purpose of keeping it in the best style, for the accommodation of the local and travelling public. They promise entire satisfaction to all who may patronize them. The table will always have the best of the market, and the bar the best of liquors; the chambers will be found large, clean and inviting.

Careful stabling in care of an attentive ostler, attached to the Hotel.

Give the "Keystone" a call. Charges reasonable and accommodation good.

J. & M. W. KLUNK.

Jan. 11, 1875. tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,

NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA,

C. B. Hanes, Proprietor.

THE undersigned, having leased this elegantly located Hotel, on Baltimore street, only a few doors from the Court-house, in the pleasant town of Gettysburg, invites his old friends and the public to give him a call. The rooms are all large and airy, and furnished in the best and fullest style—beds and bedding equal to any in the town, and always have the best of the season and the market afford, with an attentive hostler.

Charges moderate. The undersigned flatters himself that with his long experience in the hotel business and desire to please, all guests at the Central will be more than satisfied with the treatment, fare and bills.

April 14, 1875. tf C. B. HANES.

CITY HOTEL,

FREDERICK CITY, MD.

F. B. CARLIN, Proprietor.

THIS popular and well-known Hotel, having been enlarged and thoroughly renovated, offers many advantages to the traveling public. The exterior of the Hotel, which is now four stories, presents a beautiful appearance, and will compare favorably with any structure of the kind in the State. The entire arrangements of the Hotel are in keeping with its outward appearance; it is supplied with every modern improvement and convenience, and has been newly furnished throughout at a very heavy cost. No pains or expense will be omitted to promote the comfort of guests.

The enviable reputation the Hotel has acquired since the undersigned has taken charge of it, furnishes the most satisfactory evidence of its ability to please all who may favor him with their patronage. There is attached to the Hotel a spacious Billiard Room, newly fitted up, a Barber Shop, Bath House, &c.

Attentive and polite servants will always be in attendance to wait upon guests during the day or at any hour of the night.

There has recently been added to the main building an additional structure that will give him thirty-two more rooms, so that the capacity of the Hotel will be equal to any in the State outside of Baltimore.

Respectfully,

FRANK B. CARLIN.

Oct. 24, 1875. tf

BATTLE-FIELD HOTEL,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. J. Rosensteel, Proprietor.

THIS pleasantly located Hotel, at the Junction of Baltimore Street and the Emmitsburg road, and near the National Cemetery, offers excellent accommodations, at moderate rates. The house is roomy and airy, and in good order throughout. THE TABLE has the best of the markets, and the choicest liquors. In addition, Frank is always on hand to give attention to his guests, deeming it a pleasure to minister to their comfort, and deserve their good will and favor. Give him a call, and you will be pleased with the "Battle-field" and its attentive proprietor.

Gettysburg, June 11, 1875. tf

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries and Liquors.

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, BACON, LARD, NOTIONS, &c. &c.

At Reduced Prices.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

LIQUORS,

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Hibbert's Brown Stout, London Pale Ale.

OUR "MONOGRAM BITTERS,"

manufactured from strictly pure Herbs, and are recognized as a palatable tonic, and valuable remedy in all cases of indigestion dyspepsia, &c.

HOTEL KEEPERS

will find it to their interest to give me a call, as I have obtained a WHOLESALE LICENSE, which enables me to sell in any quantity and to compete with city prices.

BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 29, 1871. tf

Ziegler & Holtzworth.

LIVERY, SALES & EXCHANGE

STABLES,

Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa.

THE undersigned having entered into a partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, have taken the well known Livery Stables of Weaver & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.

Parties wishing to visit the Battlefield, will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for guides.

Give us a call!

W. T. ZIEGLER,
W. D. HOLTZWORTH.

March 3, 1872. tf

REMOVAL!

S. R. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

HAS removed his shop from the corner of Centre square to new and commodious quarters in McConaughy's Hall, first door, where he will be pleased to see all his old and new customers, who may wish anything in his line. He also keeps for sale Soaps, Perfumery, Hair Oil, &c. He will also keep a full stock of the best Brooms to supply the wholesale and retail trade.

April 15, 1876. tf

First National

BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG.

PRESIDENT

GEO. THRONE.

CASHIER,

ROBERT BELL.

DIRECTORS,

JOHN WOLFORD, York Springs.
GEORGE THRONE, Franklin.
ROBERT BELL, Strban.
PETER DIEHL, New Oxford.
ALEX. SPANGLER, Gettysburg.
DANIEL CULP, Gettysburg.
SAMUEL KOSER Gettysburg

Pays Special Deposits

ON CALL,

Without Notice,

and continues to pay the usual

Rates of Interest.

ACCORDING TO TIME

AS FOLLOWS:

6 to 12 months, 3 per cent.

12 months, 4 per cent.

and pays interest for any length of time

it may be left in.

Always keeps its funds at home for the accommodation of its customers, and especially its

DEPOSITORS.

Has Correspondents in all the large Cities

and all the advantages that any Bank can

Lend in making

COLLECTIONS,

both Home and abroad. Also,

In Buying and Selling

ALL MARKETABLE

SECURITIES

AT BEST MARKET PRICES.

Buys Gold and Silver,

Coupons, &c., &c.,

and does all business pertaining to a well

regulated Bank.

The business of this Bank has gradually

been on the increase over since its organization, and hopes from a judicious and

economical management of its affairs to

continue to merit the confidence and patronage of the people

ROBERT BELL,

CASHIER.

Gettysburg, Sept. 11, 1874. tf

REPORT

OF the condition of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, at the close of business, Dec. 23d, 1876:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$109,657 57
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	21,886 72
Due from approved reserve agents	8,613 33
Due from other National Banks	866 23
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	4,990 00
Current expenses and Taxes paid	1,900 00
Checks and other cash items	770 19
Bills of other National Banks	70 58
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)	9,230 00
Legal Tender Notes	100 42
Redemption Fund with the U. S. Treas. (5 per cent. of circulation)	4,500 00
Total	$271,050 17

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus Fund	12,000 00
Other undivided profits	10,016 72
National Bank notes outstanding	90,998 00
Dividends unpaid	184 00
Individual deposits subject to check	48,801 26
Demand certificates of deposit	10,552 40
Due to other National Banks	5,905 76
Due to State banks and bankers	578 48
Total	$271,050 17

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ADAMS, ss:

I, Robert Bell, Cashier of the First National Bank of Gettysburg, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ROBERT BELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Jan. 1877. A. J. COVER, J. P.

CORRECT—Attest:
GEORGE THRONE
DANIEL CULP,
ALEX. SPANGLER, } Directors

A PEERLESS EXTERNAL SPECIFIC AND BEAUTIFIER OF THE SKIN.

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

As a remedy for DISEASES, SORES, ABRASIONS, and ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN; as a *disinfectant, disinfectant*, and means of preventing and curing Rheumatism and Gout; and as an ADJUNCT OF THE TOILET and THE BATH, "GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP" is incomparably the best article ever offered to the American public.

The COMPLEXION is not only freed from PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TAN, FRECKLES, and all other blemishes, by its use, but acquires a TRANSPARENT DELICACY and VELVET SOFTNESS through the invigorating and emollient action of this WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER.

The contraction of obnoxious diseases is prevented, and the complete disinfection of clothing worn by persons afflicted with contagious maladies is insured by it. FAMILIES and TRAVELERS provided with this invaluable purifier HAVE AT HAND THE MAIN ESSENTIAL OF A SERIES OF Sulphur Baths. Dandruff is removed, the pelt retained, and grayness restored by it.

MEDICAL MEN ADVOCATE ITS USE. PRICES, 25 AND 50 CENTS PER CAKE, PER BOX, (3 CAKES,) 60c. and $1.20.

N.B. There is economy in buying the large cakes.

Gill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

C. H. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av. N.Y.

Dec. 7, 1876. 1y

SHRINER'S

Balsamic Cough Syrup.

NO CHILD NEED DIE

OF CROUP,

If this Syrup is used in time.

It will cure

BRONCHITIS,
ASTHMA,
SPITTING OF BLOOD,
DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING,
PAINS AND WEAKNESS IN THE BREAST,
WHOOPING COUGH,
COLDS, COUGHS, &c.

SHRINER'S Syrup is the prescription of Dr. John Scupp, one of the most eminent Physicians of Maryland, and used in his practice, for both adults and children, for forty years.

It will give satisfaction. Test its merits by trial.

Price 25 and 50 cents per Bottle.

Sold by all Druggists.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor, 3 BALTIMORE, Md.

Dec. 1-76. 1m

FOUTZ'S

HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS,

Are a cure for Price 25 cents.

No Horse will die of colic, fever or any of the kinds of cattle Powders are given in.

Foutz's Powders will prevent Hog Cholera if given in time.

Foutz's Powders will prevent all sickness in Cattle.

Foutz's Powders will increase the quantity of milk and cream the butter product from twenty to thirty per cent.

Foutz's Powders will cure or prevent almost every disease that Horses and Cattle are heir to.

Tens of Thousands testify to their efficacy.

Sold everywhere.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor, BALTIMORE, Md.

Dec. 1, 1876. 1m

FOUTZ'S

Vigor

Restoring to Gray Hair its original Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will present the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit, but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, *LOWELL, MASS.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Dec. 11, 1876. 1y

How to Obtain a Patent.

FULL instructions sent free of charge with a copy of the Patent Laws, by addressing

CHARLES H. FOWLER,

late Examiner United States Patent Office.

SOLICITOR OF

American and Foreign Patents.

No. 812 F Street, opposite U. S. Patent Office.

Lock Box 457. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Sept. 11, 1876. 1y

AMERICAN

Blackboard Slating!

THE undersigned is now, and has been for some years, engaged in manufacturing a

BLACKBOARD SLATING

of superior quality, warranted not to crack or pe